BOURBON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

For the year ended June 30, 2023

Prepared by:

WHITE & ASSOCIATES, PSC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
1407 Lexington Road
Richmond, Kentucky 40475
Phone (859) 624-3926 Fax (859) 625-0227

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education of the Bourbon County School District Paris, Kentucky

And the State Committee for School District Audits

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bourbon County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Bourbon County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bourbon County School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Bourbon County School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Bourbon County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bourbon County School District's
 internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Bourbon County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedules of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension and OPEB Liability and Schedule of Contributions for CERS and TRS and Medical and Life and Health Insurance Plans comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Bourbon County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2023, on our consideration of the Bourbon County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bourbon County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Bourbon County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

White & Associates, PSC

Richmond, Kentucky November 15, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

Year ended June 30, 2023

As management of the Bourbon County School District, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The beginning General Fund balance for the District was \$5,757,555 and ending with \$6,582,802.
- The General Fund had \$28.78 million in revenue, which primarily consisted of the SEEK program, property, utility and motor vehicle taxes. There were \$27.96 million expenditures in General Fund.
- Bonds are issued as the district renovates facilities consistent with a long-range facilities plan that is established with community input and in keeping with Kentucky Department of Education (KDE) stringent compliance regulations. There were no new building bonds issued in FY23.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the district is improving or deteriorating. The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Taxes and intergovernmental revenues also support fixed assets and related debt.

The government-wide financial statements can be found in the table of contents of this report.

Fund financial statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

Year ended June 30, 2023

software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare and teacher support. The only proprietary funds are our vending and food service operations. All other activities of the district are included in the governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found in the table of contents of this report.

Notes to the financial statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

SEE SCHEDULE ON NEXT PAGE

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

Year ended June 30, 2023

Table 1 Net Position \$ (in Millions)

	Gove	ernment	al Act	ivities	Bu	siness-typ	e Acti	vities	Totals					
	20	22	2	2023	2	2022	<u>2</u>	023	2	022	2	023		
Current assets	\$	10.20	\$	12.98	\$	0.80	\$	0.97	\$	11.00	\$	13.95		
Non-current assets	24.	03	2	4.30	0.10		0.08		24.13		24.38			
Total assets	34.	23	3	7.28	0.90		1.05		3	5.13	38.33			
Deferred outflows	5.2	25	Ģ	9.25	0.29		0.20		5	5.54	9.45			
Current liabilities	4.4	1 1	6.77		-		0.01		4	1.41	6.78			
Non-current liabilities	27.	92	31.34		0.58		0.58		28.50		31.92			
Total liabilities	32.	33	3	8.11	0.58		0.59		32.91		38.70			
Deferred inflows	6.4	16	(5.12	(0.46	0.13		6.92		6.25			
Net position:														
Invested in capital														
assets, net of debt	12.	21	1	3.19	(0.10	0	.08	1	2.31	1	3.27		
Restricted	1.2	25	(0.80	().73	0	0.53	1	.98	1	.33		
Unrestricted (deficit)	(12.	77)	(1	1.69)	(((0.67)		.08)	(1	3.44)	(11.77)			
Total net position	\$	0.69	\$	2.30	\$	0.16	\$	0.53	\$	0.85	\$	2.83		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

Year ended June 30, 2023

Table 2 Changes in Net Position (in millions)

													Total
										То			Percentage
		vernmen				iness-Typ				School			Change
	2	2022	2	<u> 2023</u>	<u>20</u>	<u> 122</u>	2	<u>023</u>	2	2022	2	<u> 2023</u>	<u>2022-2023</u>
Revenues:													
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	0.88	\$	0.19	\$	0.22	\$	0.19	\$	1.10	479%
Operating grants and contributions		7.81		16.28		2.30		2.56		10.11		18.84	86%
Capital grants and contributions		0.24		1.96		-		-		0.24		1.96	717%
General revenues		21.24		20.26		(0.10)		(0.10)		21.14		20.16	-5%
Total revenue		29.29		39.38		2.39		2.68		31.68		42.06	33%
Expenses:													
Instruction	\$	16.06	\$	21.84	\$	_	\$	_	\$	16.06	\$	21.84	36%
Student		1.26		1.93		_		_		1.26		1.93	53%
Instructional staff		0.81		1.19		_		_		0.81		1.19	47%
District administration		0.75		0.99		_		_		0.75		0.99	32%
School administration		1.42		2.10		_		_		1.42		2.10	48%
Business		0.64		0.85		_		_		0.64		0.85	33%
Plant operation & maintenance		2.88		3.40		_		_		2.88		3.40	18%
Student transportation		2.76		3.06		_		_		2.76		3.06	11%
Community services operations		0.35		0.47		_		_		0.35		0.47	34%
Techy tees		-		_		_		0.01		-		0.01	#DIV/0!
Food Service Operations		_		_		1.98		2.33		1.98		2.33	18%
Day Care		0.34		0.37		0.03		(0.05)		-		0.32	100%
Depreciation/Amortization		_		1.33		-		0.02		-		1.35	#DIV/0!
Interest on long-term debt		0.48		0.24		-		-		0.48		0.24	-50%
Total Expenses	\$	27.75	\$	37.77	\$	2.01	\$	2.31	\$	29.76	\$	40.08	35%
Change in net position	\$	1.54	\$	1.61	\$	0.38	\$	0.37	\$	1.92	\$	1.98	3%

DEBT

Debt decreased from 2022 by \$1,048,077.

Table 4
Outstanding Debt at Year-End

	Government Activities							
	2022	2023						
General Obligation Bonds Leased Liabilities	\$ 12,046,697 110,108	\$	11,044,243 64,485					
Total Obligations	\$ 12,156,805	\$	11,108,728					

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

Year ended June 30, 2023

CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of fiscal 2023, the District had \$24.39 million invested in capital assets, including land, improvements, and construction in progress.

Capital Assets at Year-End \$ (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities					Totals				
		2022	2023		2022		2023		2022			2023		
Land	\$	66,520	\$	66,520	\$	_	\$	_	\$	66,520	\$	66,520		
Land Improvements		598,677		779,192		_		-		598,677		779,192		
Buildings		18,805,551		18,286,160		1,775		1,694		18,807,326		18,287,854		
Technology		444,567		782,371		780		420		445,347		782,791		
Vehicles		1,317,420		1,197,653		_		_		1,317,420		1,197,653		
General Equipment		111,086		117,124	1	01,166		82,518		212,252		199,642		
ROU Assets		107,915		61,587		-		- -		107,915		61,587		
Construction in Progress		2,578,797		3,010,586		-		-		2,578,797		3,010,586		
Totals	\$	24,030,533	\$	24,301,193	\$ 1	03,721	\$	84,632	\$	24,134,254	\$	24,385,825		

Comments on Budget Comparisons

- The District's total general fund revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 were \$28,783,321, including transfers.
- General fund budget compared to actual revenue varied from line item to line item, with the ending actual revenue being \$3,346,583 more than budgeted net of other financing sources.
- General fund budget expenditures to actual varied line item to line item with the actual expenditures being \$709,856 less than budgeted.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

Year ended June 30, 2023

REVENUE	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund
	1 1	2	310	320	360	400	51
Local Revenue Sources	\$ 9,865,935	\$ 122,173	\$ -	\$ 859,845	\$ 3,386	\$ 4,255	\$ 75,993
State Revenue Sources	17,802,720	1,376,338	249,040	405,276	-	241,755	306,211
Federal Revenue Sources	-	7,461,721	-	-	_	-	2,088,347
Other	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	1,114,666	52,299	-	-	808,579	1,062,394	_
TOTALS	\$28,783,321	\$9,012,531	\$249,040	\$1,265,121	\$811,965	\$1,308,404	\$2,470,551
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund
EXPENDITURES	1	2	310	320	360	400	51
Instruction	16,242,792	5,102,837	-	-	-	-	-
Student Support Services	1,207,865	718,876	-	-	-	-	-
Instructional Staff Support Services	785,386	400,313	-	-	-	-	-
District Admin Support	990,364	-	-	-	-	-	-
School Admin Support	1,907,726	193,932	-	-	-	-	-
Business Support Services	846,752	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plant Operation & Management	3,263,675	163,776	-	-	-	-	-
Student Transportation	2,661,215	543,544	-			-	-
Food Service Operations	-	-	-			-	2,320,033
Day Care Operations	-	367,023	-	-	-	-	-
Community Services	-	465,206	-			-	-
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	-	1,302,942	-
Site Improvement	-	-	-	-	926,890	-	-
Depreciation	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,089
Transfers	52,299	1,057,024	498,080	1,316,959	-	-	113,575
TOTALS	\$27,958,074	\$9,012,531	\$498,080	\$1,316,959	\$926,890	\$1,302,942	\$2,452,697
Excess / (Deficit)	825,247	-	(249,040)	(51,838)	(114,925)	5,462	17,854

Other Governmental Funds Revenue/Expenditures

The main other governmental funds are capital outlay fund, and building fund (FSPK). State funding makes up the capital outlay and the building fund consists of state and local revenues. During the FY23 school year these funds were used to make bond payments on existing debt.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

Year ended June 30, 2023

School Food Service Fund Revenue/Expenditures

The revenue is received from local, state, and federal monies. The largest being federal which makes up 85% of the budget.

BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS

In Kentucky the public school fiscal year is July 1-June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the district overall budget. By law the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The beginning General fund balance for the fiscal year was \$5,757,555. The ending fund balance was \$6,582,802. SEEK is the district's major source of revenue.

Issues which may impact future budgets include:

- Ongoing Covid-19 Pandemic effect on revenues and expenditures.
- Federal Title funds.
- Potential changes regarding retirement contribution rates over the next few years.

Questions regarding this report should be directed to the Superintendent, Dr. Larry Begley or Andrea Kiser, Finance Officer at 859-987-2180 or by mail at Bourbon County Board of Education, 3343 Lexington Road, Paris, KY 40361.

Bourbon County School District **Statement of Net Position** June 30, 2023

	Primary Government					
	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total			
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net)	\$ 7,137,907 \$ 5,838,127	885,189 28,881	\$ 8,023,096 5,867,008			
Inventories Capital assets:		53,521	53,521			
Land and construction in progress	3,077,106		3,077,106			
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	21,162,500	84,632	21,247,132			
Net intangible right-of-use assets	61,587		61,587			
Total capital assets	24,301,193	84,632	24,385,825			
Total assets	37,277,227	1,052,223	38,329,450			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows related to pensions	3,187,871	125,911	3,313,782			
Deferred outflows related to OPEB CERS	1,762,156	69,600	1,831,756			
Deferred outflows related to OPEB TRS	4,011,160		4,011,160			
Deferred savings from refunding bonds Total deferred outflows of resources	291,703 9,252,890	195,511	291,703			
lotal deferred outflows of resources	9,252,890	195,511	9,448,401			
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	46,530,117	1,247,734	47,777,851			
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	93,847	12,206	106,053			
Accrued interest payable	84,943		84,943			
Unearned revenue	5,499,979		5,499,979			
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within 1 year:						
Bond obligations	1,037,000		1,037,000			
Leased liabilities	48,184		48,184			
Total due within 1 year	1,085,184		1,085,184			
Due in more than 1 year:						
Bond obligations	10,007,243		10,007,243			
Leased liabilities	16,301		16,301			
Sick leave	366,632		366,632			
Net pension liability	11,453,798	452,388	11,906,186			
Net OPEB liability CERS	3,126,344	123,480	3,249,824			
Net OPEB liability TRS	6,373,000		6,373,000			
Total due in more than 1 year	31,343,318	575,868	31,919,186			
Total liabilities	38,107,271	588,074	38,695,345			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows related to pensions	1,575,898	62,243	1,638,141			
Deferred inflows related to OPEB CERS	1,711,965	67,617	1,779,582			
Deferred inflows related to OPEB TRS	2,836,000		2,836,000			
Total deferred inflows of resources	6,123,863	129,860	6,253,723			
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	13,192,465	84,632	13,277,097			
Restricted for:	-, - ,	,,,,,	-, ,			
Capital projects	72,810		72,810			
District activities	108,401		108,401			
Student activities	347,054		347,054			
Techy tees	•	1,617	1,617			
Child care		524,753	524,753			
Debt service	271,141	•	271,141			
Unrestricted (deficit)	(11,692,888)	(81,202)	(11,774,090)			
Total net position	2,298,983	529,800	2,828,783			
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$ 46,530,117	1,247,734	\$ 47,777,851			

		Program Revenues Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in						s in Net Position			
							_	Pri	imary Governi	nen	t
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities		Total
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:			-					710071000	71011711100		
Governmental activities:											
Instruction	\$ 21,839,081 \$	-	\$	10,091,923	\$	-	\$	(11,747,158) \$	-	\$	(11,747,158)
Support services											
Student	1,926,741	877,410		830,544				(218,787)			(218,787)
Instructional staff	1,192,000			513,825				(678,175)			(678,175)
District administration	990,364			426,908				(563,456)			(563,456)
School administration	2,101,658			905,944				(1,195,714)			(1,195,714)
Business	846,752			365,002				(481,750)			(481,750)
Plant operation & maintenance	3,404,923			1,467,731		654,316		(1,282,876)			(1,282,876)
Student transportation	3,063,799			1,320,685				(1,743,114)			(1,743,114)
Community services operations	465,206	1,090		200,532				(263,584)			(263,584)
Food service activities		302						302			302
Day care operations	367,023			158,209				(208,814)			(208,814)
Interest on general long-term debt	240,504					1,302,942		1,062,438			1,062,438
Depreciation*	1,332,214							(1,332,214)			(1,332,214)
Total governmental activities	37,770,265	878,802		16,281,303		1,957,258		(18,652,902)			(18,652,902)
Business-type activities:											
Food service operations	2,320,033	60,840		2,394,558					135,365		135,365
Day care operations	(50,811)	144,262		160,013					355,086		355,086
Techy tees	13,133	10,958		3,792					1,617		1,617
Depreciation	19,089								(19,089)		(19,089)
Total business-type activities	2,301,444	216,060		2,558,363		-		<u> </u>	472,979		472,979
Total primary government	\$ 40,071,709 \$	1,094,862	\$	18,839,666	\$	1,957,258		(18,652,902)	472,979		(18,179,923)
	General revenues:										
	Taxes:										
	Property taxes							7,889,328			7,889,328
	Utility							1,309,774			1,309,774
	Motor vehicle taxes							1,130,229			1,130,229
	In lieu of taxes							16,935			16,935
	State and formula grants							9,298,289			9,298,289
	Unrestricted investment earni							377,863	15,153		393,016
	Loss on retirement of capital	assets						(7,010)			(7,010)
	Other local							130,073			130,073
	Transfers						=	113,575	(113,575)		
	Total general revenue	s and transfers					-	20,259,056	(98,422)		20,160,634
	Change in net position							1,606,154	374,557		1,980,711
	Net position - beginning						-	692,829	155,243		848,072
	Net position - ending						\$	2,298,983 \$	529,800	\$	2,828,783

^{*}Unallocated depreciation that excludes depreciation which is included in the direct expenses of various programs, if any.

Bourbon County School District Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

Gover	nmonta	I Funds

		General		Special Revenue	_	Debt Service	Other Governmental Funds		Total
ASSETS	•	0.004.000	•		•	074.444	500.000	•	7.407.007
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables. net	\$	6,334,098	\$	-	\$	271,141 \$	532,668	\$	7,137,907
Interfund receivables		93.079							93.079
Taxes-current		197,951							197,951
Accounts		7		489,541					489,548
Intergovernmental-state				9,238					9,238
Intergovernmental-federal	_		_	5,141,390	_			_	5,141,390
Total assets	=	6,625,135	. =	5,640,169	_	271,141	532,668	_	13,069,113
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable		42,333		47,111			4,403		93,847
Interfund payable				93,079					93,079
Unearned revenue				5,499,979					5,499,979
Total liabilities	-	42,333	_	5,640,169	_		4,403	_	5,686,905
FUND BALANCE									
Restricted						271,141	528,265		799,406
Committed		183,316							183,316
Assigned		315,965							315,965
Unassigned	-	6,083,521	_		_			_	6,083,521
Total fund balance	-	6,582,802		-	_	271,141	528,265	_	7,382,208
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	6,625,135	\$_	5,640,169	\$ _	271,141 \$	532,668	\$_	13,069,113

Bourbon County School District Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ 7,382,208
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net position.	24,301,193
Costs associated with bond issues and refundings are expensed in the fund financial statements because they are a use of current financial resources but are capitalized on the statement of net position using the economic resources focus	291,703
Certain liabilities (such as bonds payable, the long-term portion of accrued sick leave, accrued interest payable, other accounts payable, and net pension obligations) are not due and payble in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	
Accrued interest payable	(84,943)
Bonds payable	(11,044,243)
Leased liabilities	(64,485)
Sick leave liability	(366,632)
Net pension liability	(11,453,798)
Net OPEB liability	(9,499,344)
Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	5,773,316
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	(4,547,965)
Deferred outflows related to pensions	3,187,871
Deferred inflows related to pensions	(1,575,898)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 2,298,983

Bourbon County School District

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year ended June 30, 2023

	_	General	<u>-</u>	Special Revenue	_	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Ē	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES									
From local sources									
Taxes									
Property	\$	7.029.483	\$	_	,	\$ -	\$ 859,845	\$	7,889,328
Motor vehicle		1,130,229							1,130,229
Utility		1,309,774							1,309,774
In Lieu of taxes		16,935							16,935
Earnings on investments		370,222				4,255	3,386		377,863
Community service		,		1,090		,	-,		1,090
Food service		33		269					302
Student activities							877,410		877,410
Other local revenue		9,259		120,814			,		130,073
Intergovernmental - state		17,802,720		1,376,338		241,755	654,316		20,075,129
Intergovernmental - federal		, ,		7,461,721		,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		7,461,721
Total revenues	_	27,668,655		8,960,232	_	246,010	2,394,957		39,269,854
EXPENDITURES									
		16 242 702		E 100 007			009 700		22 254 220
Instruction		16,242,792		5,102,837			908,709		22,254,338
Support services Student		1,207,865		718,876					1,926,741
Instructional staff		, ,		,			0.004		
		785,386		400,313			6,301		1,192,000
District administration		990,364		402.022					990,364
School administration		1,907,726		193,932					2,101,658
Business		846,752		400 770					846,752
Plant operation & maintenance		3,263,675		163,776					3,427,451
Student transportation		2,661,215		543,544					3,204,759
Day care operations				367,023					367,023
Community services				465,206		4 000 040			465,206
Debt service						1,302,942			1,302,942
Site improvement	_				_		926,890	-	926,890
Total expenditures	-	27,905,775	-	7,955,507	_	1,302,942	1,841,900	-	39,006,124
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(237,120)		1,004,725		(1,056,932)	553,057		263,730
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Operating transfers in		1,114,666		52,299		1,062,394	808,579		3,037,938
Operating transfers (out)		(52,299)		(1,057,024))		(1,815,039)		(2,924,362)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	_	1,062,367	-	(1,004,725))	1,062,394	(1,006,460)		113,576
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		825,247		-		5,462	(453,403)		377,306
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	_	5,757,555	-		_	265,679	981,668	-	7,004,902
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$ =	6,582,802	\$	-	= ;	\$271,141	\$ 528,265	\$	7,382,208

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Bourbon County School District

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ 377,306
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense. District pension contributions less costs of benefits earned net employee contributions	(156,512)
Governmental funds report district OPEB contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of OPEB benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense. District OPEB contributions less costs of benefits earned net employee contributions	(131,920)
Bonds sold at a discount/premium is recorded as a other financing use on the fund financial statements but is netted against bond obligations and amortized to expense over the life of the bond in the statement of net position.	(14,546)
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in this fund financial statement because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the statement of activities and depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The difference is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation expense for the year.	270,661
The difference in the issue amount of the refunding of bond proceeds and the amount for payment to the escrow account to pay the refunded bonds is amortized over the life of the refunding issue.	(46,643)
Bond and finance purchase payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statement but are reductions of liabilities in the statement of net position.	1,062,623
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred. Accrued interest payable Noncurrent sick leave payable	 61,004 184,181
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,606,154

Bourbon County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2023

	-	Budget	ed A	Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	_	Original		Final		_	Actual		(Unfavorable)
DEVENUES									
REVENUES From local sources									
Taxes									
Property	\$	6,481,746	\$	6,481,	746	\$	7,029,483	\$	547.737
Motor vehicle	Ψ	800,000	Ψ	800.		Ψ	1,130,229	Ψ	330,229
Utility		1,093,951		1,093,			1,309,774		215,823
Franchise tax		.,000,00.		.,000,			16,935		16,935
Earnings on investments		40.000		40.	000		370,222		330,222
Food service		,					33		33
Other local revenue							9.259		9.259
Intergovernmental - state		15,569,976		15,906,	375		17,802,720		1,896,345
Total revenues	_	23,985,673		24,322,	072		27,668,655		3,346,583
	_								
EXPENDITURES									
Instruction		16,450,062		16,450,	062		16,242,792		207,270
Support services									
Student		1,224,717		1,224,	717		1,207,865		16,852
Instructional staff		757,238		757,	238		785,386		(28,148)
District administration		1,049,806		1,102,			990,364		111,667
School administration		1,736,203		1,736,			1,907,726		(171,523)
Business		784,707		784,			846,752		(62,045)
Plant operation & maintenance		3,256,041		3,905,			3,263,675		641,747
Student transportation	_	2,531,601		2,655,		_	2,661,215		(5,964)
Total expenditures	_	27,790,375		28,615,	631	_	27,905,775		709,856
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) IN REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(3,804,702)		(4,293,	559)		(237,120)		4,056,439
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Operating transfers in		85,000		837,	645		1,114,666		277,021
Operating transfers out		(75,000)		(75,	000)		(52,299)		22,701
Total other financing sources and (uses)	_	10,000		762,	645		1,062,367		299,722
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(3,794,702)		(3,530,	914)		825,247		4,356,161
FUND BALANCE BEGINNING	_	5,501,449		5,457,	862	_	5,757,555	-	299,693
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$ _	1,706,747	\$	1,926,	948	\$ _	6,582,802	\$	4,655,854

Bourbon County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Special Revenue Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2023

	_	Budget	ted .	Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	_	Original		Final	_	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES							
Community services	\$	=	\$	-	\$	1,090	\$ 1,090
Food services						269	269
Other local revenues		9,481		16,481		120,814	104,333
Intergovernmental - state		1,157,475		1,456,575		1,376,338	(80,237)
Intergovernmental - federal	_	4,488,448		4,393,939		7,461,721	3,067,782
Total revenues	_	5,655,404		5,866,995	_	8,960,232	3,093,237
EXPENDITURES							
Instruction		4,009,483		4,284,247		5,102,837	(818,590)
Support services							, , ,
Student		365,163		365,163		718,876	(353,713)
Instructional staff		339,822		277,051		400,313	(123,262)
School administration		184,778		184,778		193,932	(9,154)
Plant operation & maintenance		52,889		52,889		163,776	(110,887)
Student transportation		418,749		418,749		543,544	(124,795)
Community services operations		359,520		359,520		465,206	(105,686)
Day care operations						367,023	(367,023)
Total expenditures		5,730,404		5,942,397	_	7,955,507	(2,013,110)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) IN REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(75,000)		(75,402)		1,004,725	1,080,127
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Operating transfers (out)						(1,057,024)	(1,057,024)
Operating transfers in		75,000		75,000		52,299	(22,701)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	_	75,000		75,000	_	(1,004,725)	(1,079,725)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		(402)		-	402
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	_	-			_		-
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$ _	<u>-</u>	\$	(402)	\$ _		\$ 402

Bourbon County School District Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2023

	_			Enter	pris	e Funds	
		Oakaal	Other Enterp				
	_	School Food Services		Day Care Fund	_	Techy Tees Fund	Total
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	357,699	\$	525,688	\$	1,802	\$ 885,189
Inventories		53,521		4.450			53,521
Accounts receivable, net		27,428		1,453			28,881
Capital assets: Other capital assets, net of depreciation		04 622					04 622
Other capital assets, het of depreciation Total assets	_	84,632 523,280		527.141	_	1,802	84,632 1,052,223
i oldi assets	_	523,260		527,141	-	1,002	1,052,225
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred outflows related to pensions		125,437		474			125,911
Deferred outflows related to OPEB CERS		69,338		262			69,600
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	194,775		736	_		195,511
Total dolonou outlone of recourses	_	101,770		7.00	-		100,011
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	718,055		527,877	=	1,802	1,247,734
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable		11,551		470		185	12,206
Net pension liability		450,686		1,702			452,388
Net OPEB liability CERS		123,016		464	_		123,480
Total liabilities		585,253		2,636		185	588,074
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		00.000		004			00.040
Deferred inflows related to pensions		62,009		234			62,243
Deferred inflows related to OPEB CERS Total deferred inflows of resources	_	67,363		254 488	_		67,617
Total delerred inflows of resources	_	129,372		488	_	-	129,860
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		714,625		3,124		185	717,934
							<u> </u>
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in capital assets		84,632		-		-	84,632
Restricted				524,753		1,617	526,370
Unassigned (Deficit)	_	(81,202)			_		(81,202)
Total net position	_	3,430		524,753	_	1,617	529,800
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$_	718,055	\$	527,877	\$_	1,802	\$ 1,247,734

Bourbon County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2023

terprise	

	_			Other Enterpis	e Fun	nds Non Major		_
	-	School Food Services	-	Day Care Fund	_	Techy Tees Fund		Total
OPERATING REVENUES								
Lunchroom sales	\$	60,840	\$	-	\$	-	\$	60,840
Community services	-		_	144,262	_	10,958		155,220
Total operating revenues	-	60,840	-	144,262	_	10,958		216,060
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Food service operations								
Salaries and benefits		1,036,089						1,036,089
Operational		1,283,944						1,283,944
Day care operations								
Salaries and benefits				(76,408)				(76,408)
Operational				25,597				25,597
Techy Tees operations								
Salaries and benefits						6,913		6,913
Operational		40.000				6,220		6,220
Depreciation	-	19,089	-	(50.044)	_	10.100		19,089
Total operating expenses	-	2,339,122	-	(50,811)	_	13,133	•	2,301,444
Operating income (loss)		(2,278,282)		195,073		(2,175)		(2,085,384)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Federal grants		2,088,347		4,012				2,092,359
State grants		306,211		156,001		3,792		466,004
Transfers in (out)		(113,575)						(113,575)
Earnings from investments	_	15,153	_		_			15,153
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	-	2,296,136	-	160,013	_	3,792		2,459,941
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		17,854		355,086		1,617		374,557
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)-BEGINNING	-	(14,424)	-	169,667	_	-		155,243
NET POSITION-ENDING	\$	3,430	\$	524,753	\$	1,617	\$	529,800

Bourbon County School District Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2023

				Ente	rpri	se Funds		
		Other Enterprise Funds Non Major						
		School Food Services	•	Day Care Fund		Techy Tees Fund		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Receipts from customers	\$	60,840	\$	144,262	\$	10,958	\$	216,060
Payments to suppliers		(1,193,253)		(177,023)		(6,728)		(1,377,004)
Payments to employees Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(1,036,089) (2,168,502)		76,408 43,647		(6,220) (1,990)		(965,901) (2,126,845)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(2,100,302)		43,047		(1,990)		(2,120,045)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Operating grants and contributions		2,394,558		160,013		3,792		2,558,363
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		2,394,558	-	160,013		3,792		2,558,363
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Transfers		(113,575)						(113,575)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(113,575)		-		-		(113,575)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Interest		15,153		_		_		15,153
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		15,153	٠	-				15,153
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		127,634		203,660		1,802		333,096
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS-BEGINNING		230,065		322,028		<u> </u>		552,093
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS-ENDING	\$	357,699	\$	525,688	\$	1,802	\$	885,189
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used)								
by operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$	(2,278,282)	\$	195,073	\$	(2,175)	\$	(2,085,384)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	Ψ	(2,270,202)	Ψ	195,075	Ψ	(2,173)	Ψ	(2,000,304)
provided (used) by operating activities:								
Depreciation		19,089		-		-		19,089
Changes in assets and liabilities:								
Receivables		172,609		3,213				175,822
Inventories		(9,971)						(9,971)
Outflow Deferrals		30,815		64,507				95,322
Inflow Deferrals		(206,151)		(119,891)				(326,042)
Net pension liability		124,218		(61,728)				62,490
Net OPEB liability		(30,157)		(37,053)		405		(67,210)
Accrued liabilities	\$	9,328 (2,168,502)	φ.	(474) 43,647	Ф	185 (1,990)	Ф	9,039 (2,126,845)
Net cash provided provided (used) by operating activities	Ф	(2,108,502)	Φ	43,047	Ф	(1,990)	\$	(८, 1८७,४४३)

NONCASH NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES

During the year, the district received \$127,527 of food commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

During the year, the district recognized revenues and expenses for on-behalf payments relating to fringe benefits provided by state government in the amount of \$290,652 for food services, \$77,757 for day care services and \$3,792 for services relating to the Techy Tees, non-major fund.

Bourbon County School District

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund

June 30, 2023

Julio 33, 2323		Special Purpose Trust Fund
ASSETS		
Investments	\$	1,376,831
Total assets	:	1,376,831
NET POSITION		1 276 021
Net position - Held in trust		1,376,831
Total net position (held in trust)	\$	1,376,831

Bourbon County School District

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund Year ended June 30, 2023

		Special Purpose Trust Fund
ADDITIONS		
Interest on investments	\$	50,726
Net decrease in fair value of investments		(41,478)
Total additions	·	9,248
DEDUCTIONS Community services purchased professional and technical services Total deductions		16,026 16,026
INCOME BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS		9,248
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	į	(6,778)
PRIOR YEAR NET POSITION	•	1,383,609
NET POSITION (held in trust)	\$	1,376,831

BOURBON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Bourbon County Board of Education ("Board"), a five-member group, is the level of government, which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Bourbon County Board of Education ("District"). The District receives funding from Local, State and Federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100-Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies, which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds relevant to the operation of the Bourbon County Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the District itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

Blended Component Unit:

Bourbon County Board Of Education Finance Corporation

The Board authorized establishment of the Bourbon County Board Of Education Finance Corporation a non-stock, non-profit corporation pursuant to Section 162.385 of the School Bond Act and Chapter 273 and Section 58.180 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (the "Corporation") to act as an agency of the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The Board of Directors of the Corporation shall be the same persons who are at any time the members of the Board of Education of the Bourbon County Board of Education.

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in fund balance. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The District has the following funds:

I. Governmental Fund Types

(A) General Fund

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is always a major fund of the District.

(B) Special Revenue (Grant) Fund

The Special Revenue (Grant) Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust funds or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to

maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund of the District.

(C) Special Revenue (District Activity) Fund

The Special Revenue (District Activity) Fund accounts for funds collected at individual schools for operation costs of the schools or school district that allows for more flexibility in the expenditures of those funds.

(D) Special Revenue (Student Activity) Fund

Special Revenue (Student Activity) Fund accounts for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts.

(E) Capital Project Funds

Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Fund).

SEEK Capital Outlay Fund

The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects as identified in the District's facility plan.

Building (FSPK) Fund

The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy that is required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.

Construction Fund

The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sale of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction and/or remodeling.

(F) Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost; and for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law. This is a major fund of the District.

II. Proprietary Funds (Enterprise Funds)

(A) Food Service Fund

The School Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. This is a major fund of the District.

(B) Day Care Fund

The Day Care Fund is used to account for child care activities.

(C) Techy Tees Fund

The Techy Tees Fund is used to account for technology fee revenue and expenses.

III. Fiduciary Funds Types

Special Purpose Trust

Special Purpose Trusts are maintained within MUNIS and account for revenues generated by trusts set up to benefit a specific location in Bourbon County.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resource are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis, On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue – Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as unearned revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

Inventories

Inventory consists of food purchased by the District and commodities granted by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). The commodities are recognized as revenues and expenditures by the Food Service Fund when consumed. Any material commodities on hand at year end are recorded as inventory. All purchased inventory items are valued at the lower of cost or market (first-in, first-out) using the consumption method and commodities assigned values are based on information provided by the USDA.

Prepaid Assets

Payments made that will benefit periods beyond the fiscal period end are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the government funds. These assets are reported in the government activities column of the government-wide financial statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars with the exception of computers, digital cameras and real property for which there is no threshold. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of, normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets life are not.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant and equipment of the district are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Other	10 years

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgment, the non-current portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension and OPEB contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of the accumulated sick leave.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five categories as defined by GASB 54 as follows:

Non-spendable: Permanently non-spendable by decree of the donor, such as an endowment, or

funds that are not in a spendable form, such as prepaid expenses or inventory on

hand.

Restricted Legally restricted under legislation, bond authority, or grantor contract.

Committed Commitments of future funds for specific purposes passed by the Board.

Assigned Funds that are intended by management to be used for a specific purpose, including

encumbrances.

Unassigned Funds available for any purpose; unassigned amounts are reported only in the

General Fund unless a fund has a deficit.

The Board has adopted a GASB 54 spending policy which states that the spending order of funds is to first use restricted, committed, and assigned resources first, then unassigned resources as they are needed.

Net Position

The statement of net position presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net position. Net position are reported in three categories:

1) invested in capital assets net of related debt – consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets; 2) restricted net position – resulting from constraints placed on net position by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation adopted by the School District; 3) unrestricted net position – those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net position or invested in capital assets. It is the District's policy to first apply restricted net position and then unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Property Taxes

Property Tax Revenues – Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited in the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund.

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2023, to finance the General Fund operations were \$.492 per \$100 valuation of real property, \$.590 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$.547 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

Operating and Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools.

Non-operating revenues are not generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District those revenues come in the form of grants (federal and state), donated commodities, and earnings from investments.

In-Kind

Local contributions, which include contributed services provided by individuals, private organizations and local governments, are used to match federal and state administered funding on various grants. The amount of such services and donated commodities are recorded in the accompanying financial statements at their estimated fair market values.

Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of fixed assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

Inter-fund Receivables/Payables

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term inter-fund loans are classified as "inter-fund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Inter-fund Transfers

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as inter-fund transfers. Inter-fund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until the appropriate period. The District reports three types of deferred outflows – contributions to the CERS's pension and OPEB plans after the measurement period and the unrecognized portion of a deferred loss on the refinancing of long-term debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until the appropriate period. The District reports two types of deferred inflows related to the net difference projected and actual earnings on pension and OPEB plan investments.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("TRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pensions. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of

employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS), and the County Retirement System of Kentucky (CERS), and additions to/deductions from TRS's/CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS/CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Bond and Related Premiums, Discounts, and Issuance Costs

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when bonds are issued.

In governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs are recognized in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, expenditures, designated fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Process

The District prepares its budgets on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is the same basis as used to prepare the Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds.

Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end as dictated by law. Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end. The Kentucky Department of Education does not require the Capital Project Funds and Debt Service Funds to prepare budgets.

The District's Special Revenue Fund exceeded budgeted appropriations by \$2,013,110.

New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 96-In May, 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-based information Technology Arrangements*. The objective of this Statement is to provide guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government and users (governments). The Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB Statement No. 99-In April, 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The Statement is effective on various dates, but no later than reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 94-In March, 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). The Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

There is no effect on current year financial statements for newly adopted accounting pronouncements.

Effective in Future Years:

The District is currently evaluating the potential impact of the following issued, but not yet effective, accounting standards:

GASB Statement No. 101- In June, 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. The Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB Statement No. 100- In June, 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The Statement is effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

NOTE B – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits and Investments

The Kentucky Revised Statutes authorize the District to invest money subject to its control in obligations of the United States; bonds or certificates of indebtedness of Kentucky and its agencies and instrumentalities; savings and loan associations insured by an agency of the United States up to the

amount insured; and national or state banks chartered in Kentucky and insured by an agency of the United States providing such banks pledge as security obligations, as permitted by KRS 41.240 (4), having a current quoted market value at least equal to uninsured deposits.

Risks and Uncertainties – the District's investments are exposed to various risks such as interest rate risk, credit risk, concentration of credit risk, and custodial credit risk. Due to the level or risk associated with certain investments, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of the investment will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the account balances and the amounts reported in the financial statements.

Interest Rate Risk- interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. In accordance with the District's investment policy, the District manages its exposure to declines in fair values by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature concurrent with the anticipated cash requirements for ongoing operations and investing funds primarily in shorter-term securities or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity of the portfolio. All investments held by the District will mature in less than five years.

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. Under Kentucky Revised Statutes Section 66.480, the District is authorized to invest in obligations of the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery of purchase obligations backed by the full fair and credit of the United States or its agencies, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, certificates of deposit, commercial paper rated in one of the three highest categories by nationally recognized rating agencies and securities in mutual funds shall be eligible investments pursuant to this section. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. The District's investments consist of 13.4% cash and cash equivalents, 21.6% common stock, 8.3% mutual funds equity and 56.7% mutual funds fixed income.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be caused by the District's investment in a single issuer. The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investments are not FDIC insured and are not obligations of or guaranteed by Stock Yards Bank.

Fair Value Measurement – The District's investments are measured and reported at fair value and classified according to the following hierarchy:

- Level 1 Investments reflect prices quoted in active markets.
- Level 2 Investments reflect prices that are based on a similar observable asset either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in market that are not considered to be active.
- Level 3 Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.

As of June 30, 2023, the District's investments totaling \$1,376,831 were measured as follows:

			Fair Value Mea	<u>surement</u>	
Fiduciary Fund (Agency):	<u>Cost</u>	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 183,915	\$ 183,915	\$ 183,915	\$ -	
Common stock	308,134	298,186	298,186	-	
Mutual funds - equity	103,325	113,420	-	113,420	
Mutual funds - fixed income	836,308	781,310	-	781,310	
	\$ 1,431,682	\$ 1,376,831	\$ 482,101	\$ 894,730	

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Kentucky Revised Statutes authorize the District to invest money subject to its control in obligations of the United States; bonds or certificates of indebtedness of Kentucky and its agencies and instrumentalities; savings and loan associations insured by an agency of the United States up to the amount insured; and national or state banks chartered in Kentucky and insured by an agency of the United States providing such banks pledge as security obligations, as permitted by KRS 41.240(4), having a current quoted market value at least equal to uninsured deposits.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

At year end the District's bank balances were fully collateralized by securities held by the pledging bank's trust department in the District's name and FDIC insurance. At year end, the carrying amount of the District's cash and cash equivalents was \$8,023,096. The bank balance for the same time was \$10,003,262.

Due to the nature of the accounts and certain limitations imposed on the use of funds, each bank account within the following funds is considered to be restricted: SEEK Capital Outlay Fund, Facility Support Program (FSPK/Building) Fund, special Revenue (Grant Fund), Debt Service Fund, School Construction Fund, School Food Service Fund, and School Activity Fund.

NOTE C – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

Governmental Activities	July 1, 2022		Additions		<u>Deductions</u>	June 30, 2023
Land (nondepreciable)	\$ 66,520	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 66,520
Land improvements	2,746,985		246,115		-	2,993,100
Buildings	35,525,642		248,986		-	35,774,627
Technology equipment	1,858,137		519,506		607,063	1,770,580
Vehicles	4,822,799		140,960		-	4,963,759
General equipment	761,520		22,528		9,642	774,406
Construction in progress (non depreciable)	2,578,797		926,890	_	495,101	3,010,586
Total at historical cost	\$ 48,360,400	\$	2,104,986	\$	1,111,806	\$ 49,353,580
Less: Accumulated depreciation		•		-		
Land improvements	\$ 2,148,308	\$	65,600	\$	-	\$ 2,213,908
Buildings	16,720,091		768,377		-	17,488,468
Technology equipment	1,413,570		174,691		600,052	988,209
Vehicles	3,505,379		260,728		-	3,766,107
General equipment	650,434		16,490	_	9,642	657,282
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 24,437,782	\$	1,285,887	\$	609,695	\$ 25,113,974
Right-of-Use Asset						
Leased equipment	\$ 143,886	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 143,886
Less: Accumulated amortization	(35,971)		(46,328)	_		(82,299)
Right-of-Use Asset-net	\$ 107,915	\$	(46,328)	\$		\$ 61,587
Governmental Activities						
Capital Assets-net	\$ 24,030,533	\$	772,771	\$	502,111	\$ 24,301,193
Business-Type Activities	July 1, 2022		Additions		<u>Deductions</u>	June 30, 2023
Buildings	\$ 2,025	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,025
Technology equipment	6,411		-		-	6,411
General equipment	480,842			_		480,842
Total at historical cost	\$ 489,278	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 489,278
Less: Accumulated depreciation						
Buildings	\$ 250	\$	81	\$	-	\$ 331
Technology equipment	5,631		360		-	5,991
General equipment	379,676		18,648	_		398,324
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 385,557	\$	19,089	\$	-	\$ 404,646
Business-Type Activities						
Capital Assets-net	\$ 103,721	\$	(19,089)	\$ _		\$ 84,632

Depreciation expense was not allocated to governmental functions. It appears on the statement of activities as "unallocated".

NOTE D – LONG TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS

Bonds

The amount shown in the accompanying financial statements as bonded debt and lease obligations represent the District's future obligations to make payments relating to the bonds issued by the Bourbon County School District Finance Corporation.

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes), Building (FSPK) Fund, and the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund is obligated to make lease payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Bourbon County School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

The bonds payable are collateralized by education facilities constructed by the District with bond proceeds. Bondholders are protected against default by a mechanism whereby the Commonwealth of Kentucky would withhold state SEEK payments and remit required debt service payments directly to the debt service paying agent. All bonds are subject to federal arbitrage regulations.

The original amount of outstanding issues, the issue dates, interest rates, maturity dates, and outstanding balances, at June 30, 2023, are summarized below:

Bond Issues	Original Amount	Maturity Date	Interest Rates	 022 Bonds utstanding	Add	ditions	Re	tirements)23 Bonds utstanding
2013	\$ 468,000	8/1/2033	2.75%-4.05%	\$ 384,000	\$	-	\$	12,000	\$ 372,000
2013R	2,255,000	7/1/2026	1.9%-2.10%	1,455,000		-		285,000	1,170,000
2016R	5,700,000	2/1/2029	1.00%-3.00%	5,040,000		-		620,000	4,420,000
2018	1,850,000	6/1/2038	3.50%-3.50%	1,690,000		-		40,000	1,650,000
2020R	3,620,000	10/1/2031	.50%-1.85%	3,585,000		-		60,000	3,525,000
				12,154,000		-		1,017,000	11,137,000
Add:	Premium			-		-		-	-
Less:	Discount			(107,303)		-		(14,546)	(92,757)
				\$ 12,046,697	\$	-	\$	1,002,454	\$ 11,044,243

The District has entered into "participation agreements" with the Kentucky School Facility Construction Commission. The Kentucky Legislature, for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs, created the Commission. The table following sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity at dates and redemption premiums specified in each issue. Assuming no issues are called prior to maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2023, for debt service, (principal and interest) are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Princ	cipal		Inte	rest		Principal	Interest
June 30th	Local		KSFCC	Local	_1	KSFCC	<u>Total</u>	<u>Total</u>
2024	\$ 841,100	\$	195,900	\$ 219,959	\$	45,856	\$ 1,037,000	\$ 265,815
2025	856,645		200,355	203,501		41,402	1,057,000	244,902
2026	872,937		205,063	186,597		36,693	1,078,000	223,291
2027	893,391		184,609	169,278		32,009	1,078,000	201,287
2028	921,491		97,509	146,887		28,250	1,019,000	175,138
2029-2033	4,206,390		448,610	353,128		97,529	4,655,000	450,657
2034-2038	886,203		326,797	93,531		33,909	1,213,000	127,441
	\$ 9,478,157	\$	1,658,843	\$ 1,372,881	\$	315,649	\$ 11,137,000	\$ 1,688,530

Intangible Right-of Use Assets

The following is an analysis of the operating leases under right-of-use assets by class as of June, 30, 2023:

Right of Use Liabilities	Original Amount	Maturity Date	Interest Rates	22 Lease tstanding	Add	itions	Reti	rements	3 Lease tanding
Postage Machine	13,043	7/1/2026	2.47%	\$ 9,333	\$	-	\$	2,405	\$ 6,928
Copiers	143,387	9/1/2025	5.64%	100,775		-		43,218	57,557 -
				\$ 110,108	\$	-	\$	45,623	\$ 64,485

The following is a schedule by years of the future minimum payments under operating leases together with the present value of the net minimum payments as of June 30, 2023:

Fiscal Year Ended 30-Jun	Principal Local		Interest Local		Total Payments		
2024	\$	48,184	\$	2,220	\$	50,404	
2025		14,364		193		14,557	
2026		1,937		20		1,957	
	\$	64,485	\$	2,433	\$	66,918	

Accumulated Sick Leave

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. The activity during fiscal year 2023 for accumulated sick leave is as follows:

	2022					2023
	tstanding <u>Balance</u>	Addit	<u>ions</u>	Ret	tirements	itstanding <u>Balance</u>
Sick Leave	\$ 589,414	\$	_	\$	222,782	\$ 366,632

Net Pension & OPEB Liability

The net pension liability is \$11,453,798 for governmental activities and \$452,388 for business-type activities for a total of \$11,906,186 as of June 30, 2023 (See Note E for additional information). The net OPEB liability is \$9,499,344 for governmental activities and \$123,480 for business-type activities for a total of \$9,622,824 as of June 30, 2023 (See Note F for additional information).

A summary of activity in bond obligations and other debts is as follows:

Description	2022 Outstanding Balance	Additions	Retirements	2023 Outstanding Balance	Amount Due in One Year	
Bonds, Net of Premium and Discount	\$ 12,046,697	\$ -	\$ 1,002,454	\$ 11,044,243	\$ 1,037,000	
Right of Use Assets	110,108	-	45,623	64,485	48,184	
Sick Leave	589,414	-	222,782	366,632	-	
Net Pension Liability	9,995,508	1,910,678	-	11,906,186	-	
Net OPEB Liability	6,866,839	2,755,985	-	9,622,824	<u>-</u>	
Totals	\$ 29,608,566	\$ 4,666,663	\$ 1,270,859	\$ 33,004,370	\$ 1,085,184	

NOTE E – RETIREMENT PLANS

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification.

Teachers Retirement System Kentucky (TRS)

Retirement Annuity Trust

Plan description

Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information.

Benefits provisions

For Members before July 1, 2008: Members become vested when they complete five years of credited service. To qualify for monthly benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age 55 and complete 5 years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Non-university members receive monthly payments equal to 2% (service prior to July 1, 1983) and 2.5% (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. Non-university members who became members on or after July 1, 2002, will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is less than 10 years. New members after July 1, 2002, who retire with 10 or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first 10 years. In addition, non-university members who retire July 1, 2004, and later with more than 30 years of service will have a multiplier for all years over 30 of 3%.

The final average salary is the member's five highest annual salaries except members at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 5% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service. The minimum annual service allowance for all members is \$440 multiplied by credited service.

For Members On or After July 1, 2008: Members become vested when they complete five years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable of r life, members must either:

- 1. Attain age 60 and complete 5 years of Kentucky service, or
- 2. Complete 27 years of Kentucky service, or
- 3. Attain age 55 and complete 10 years of Kentucky service.

The annual retirement allowance for non-university members is equal to: (a) 1.7% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is 10 years or less; (b) 2% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 10 years but no more than 20 years; (c) 2.3% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 20 years but no more than 26 years; (d) 2.5% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 26 years but no more than 30 years; (e) 3% of final average salary for years of credited service greater than 30 years.

The final average salary is the member's five highest annual salaries except members at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service.

For Members on and after January 1, 2022:

Condition for Retirement Attainment of age 57 and 10 years of service or attainment of age 65	Condition for Retirement	Attainment of age 57 and 10 years	of service or attainment of age 65
-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------	-----------------------------------	------------------------------------

And 5 years of service. Amount of Allowance

Foundational Benefit The annual foundational benefit for members is equal to service Times a multiplier times final average salary.

	Years of Service									
Age	5-9.99		10- 19.99		20- 29.99		30 or More			
57-60	-	%	1.70	%	1.95	%	2.20	%		
61	-	%	1.74	%	1.99	%	2.24	%		
62	-	%	1.78	%	2.03	%	2.28	%		
63	-	%	1.82	%	2.07	%	2.32	%		
64	-	%	1.86	%	2.11	%	2.36	%		
65 and over	1.90	%	1.90	%	2.15	%	2.40	%		

The annual foundational benefit is reduced by 6% per year from the Earlier of age 60 on the date the member would have completed 30 Years of service.

Supplemental Benefit The annual supplemental benefit is equal to the account balance

Which includes member and employer contributions and interest Credited annually on June 30. Options include annuitizing the balance or receiving the balance as a lump sum either at the time of retirement or at a later Date.

Disability Retirement Allowance Condition for Allowance

Totally and permanently incapable of being employed as a teacher and under age 60 but after completing 5 years of service

Amount of Allowance

The disability allowance is equal to the greater of the service Retirement allowance or 60% of the member's final average salary. The disability allowance is payable over an entitlement period equal to 25% of the service credited to the member at the date of the disability or 5 years, whichever is longer. After the disability entitlement period has expired and if the member remains disabled, he will be retired under service retirement. The service retirement allowance will be computed with service credit given for the period of disability retirement. The allowance will not be less than \$6,000 per year. The service retirement allowance will not be reduced for commencement of the allowance before age 60 or the completion of 27 years of service.

Benefits Payable on Separation From Service

Any member who ceases to be in service is entitled to receive his Contributions with allowable interest. A member who has completed 5 years of creditable service and leaves his contributions with the System may be continued in the membership of the System after separation from service, and file application for service retirement after the attainment of age 60.

Life Insurance

A separate Life Insurance fund has been created as June 30, 2000 to pay benefits on behalf of deceased TRS active and retired members. A surviving spouse of an active member with less than 10 years of Service may elect to receive an annual allowance of \$2,880 except that if income from other sources exceeds \$6,600 per year the annual allowance will be \$2,160. A surviving spouse of an active member with 10 or more years of service may elect to receive an allowance which is the actuarial equivalent of the allowance the deceased member would have received upon retirement. The allowance will commence on the date the deceased member would Have been eligible for service retirement and will be payable during the life of the spouse.

Death Benefits

If the deceased member is survived by unmarried children under age 18 the following schedule of annual allowances applies:

Number of	Annual
Children	Allowance
1	\$ 2,400
2	\$ 4,080
3	\$ 4,800
4 or more	\$ 5,280

The allowances are payable until a child attains age 18, or age 23 if A Full-time student.

If the member has no eligible survivor, a refund of his accumulated Contributions is payable to his estate.

In lieu of the regular Option 1, a retirement allowance payable in the Form of a life annuity with refundable balance, any member before Retirement may elect to receive a reduced allowance which is Actuarially equivalent to the full allowance, in one of the following forms:

Option 2. A single life annuity payable during the member's lifetime with payments for 10 years certain.

Option 3. At the death of the member his allowance is continued Throughout the life of the beneficiary.

Option 3(a). At the death of the beneficiary designated by the member

Under Option 3, the member's benefit will revert to what would have been paid had he not selected an option.

Option 4. At the death of the member one half of his allowance is

Continued throughout the life of the beneficiary.

Option 4(a). At the death of the beneficiary designated by the member

Under Option 4, the member's benefit will revert to what would have been paid had he not selected an option.

The retirement allowance of each retired member and of each

Beneficiary shall be increased by 1.5% each July 1.

Member Contributions

Post-Retirement Adjustments

Members before 1/1/2022 9.105% of salary to the Retirement System.

Members on and after 1/1/2022 9% of salary to the Retirement System and an additional 2% of

salary to the supplemental benefit account. Employers also

contributes 2%.

Contributions

Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Employees are required to contribute 12.855%. of their salaries to the system effective July 1, 2015. The state, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions in the amount of 13.105% of salaries for local school district employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those who joined thereafter.

Options

Contributions for local school district employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of **Resources Related to TRS**

At June 30, 2023 the District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, pension expense, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The net pension liability that was associated with the District follows.

TRS

State's proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability associated with the District 60,822,630

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.3590%.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial assumptions of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Prior Measurement Date	June 30, 2021
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022
Reporting Date	June 30, 2023
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age
Inflation Rate	2.5%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate Prior	7.10%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate at	

Single Equivalent Interest Rate at

7.10% Measurement Date Municipal Bond Index Rate Prior 2.13%

Municipal Bond Index Rate at

Measurement Date 3.37%

Projected Salary Increase 3.0-7.5%, including inflation

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return 7.10

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members. The actuarial

assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Target Allocations

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

A summary of the target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, follows.

			Long-Term Expected	
	Target		Rates of	
Asset Class	Allocation		Return	
Large Cap US Equity	37.4	%	4.2	%
Small Cap Equity	2.6	%	4.7	%
Developed International Equity	16.5	%	5.3	%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.5	%	54.4	%
Fixed Income	15.0	%	-0.1	%
High Yield Bonds	2.0	%	1.7	%
Other Additional Categories	5.0	%	2.2	%
Real Estate	7.0	%	4.0	%
Private Equity	7.0	%	6.9	%
Cash	2.0	%	-0.3	%
Total	100	%		

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of the Measurement Date was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) rates for all future fiscal years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of

return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following table presents the net pension liability of the Commonwealth associated with the District, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the Commonwealth's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

	Current					
TRS		1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase
		6.10%		7.10%		8.10%
State's proportionate share						
of net pension liability	\$	62,636,863	\$	60,822,630	\$	32,806,063

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report which is publically available at http://www.TRS.ky.gov/.

County Employees Retirement System

Non-Hazardous

Plan description

Substantially all full-time classified employees of the District participate in the County Employees Retirement System ("CERS"). CERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky General Assembly and overseen by the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority (KPPA). The plan covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty positions of the school board. The plan provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances.

CERS issues a publicly available financial report included in the Kentucky Retirement Systems Annual Report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained by writing to Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601, or by calling (502) 564-4646 or at https://kyret.ky.gov.

Benefits provided

Benefits under the plan will vary based on final compensation, years of service and other factors as fully described in the plan documents.

Contributions

Funding for CERS:

Tier I plan is provided by members, who contribute 5.00% of their creditable compensation.

Tier II plan members hired after September 1, 2008 contribute 6.00% of their creditable compensation. Further, 1% of these contributions are deposited to an account created for the payment of health insurance benefits.

Tier III plan members, who began participating on or after January 1, 2014, are required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. That plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Employee contributions to the plan are the same as the Tier II contributions. Tier III member accounts are also credited with an employer pay credit in the amount of 4% of the member's creditable compensation.

For the year ending June 30, 2023, employers were required to contribute 26.95% of the member's salary, 22.78% pension and 4.17% for insurance. The District contributed \$1,327,480 to the CERS pension plan. The contribution requirements of CERS are established and may be amended by the CERS Board of Trustees.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to CERS

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 on an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability, \$11,906,186 was based on contributions to CERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The District's proportion was 0.1647%.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and Pension Expense included in the Schedule of Pension Amounts include only certain categories of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions and differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments. The Schedule of Pension Amounts does not include deferred outflow/inflows of resources for changes in the employer's proportionate share of contribution or employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. The net pension liability as of June 30, 2023, is based on the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation rolled forward. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are amortized over a closed five-year period.

The District recognized pension revenue of \$44,215 and reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows:

CERS		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	=			
experience	\$	12,728	\$	106,030
Changes of assumptions		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		1,620,075		1,314,844
Changes in proportion and differences				
between District contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		430,225		217,267
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		1,250,752		<u>-</u> _
	\$ _	3,313,782	\$ _	1,638,141

The \$1,250,752 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023.

Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five year period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are amortized over the average service life of all members. These will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	. -	Year Ended June 30,
Year 1	\$	15,553
Year 2		171,160
Year 3		(100,053)
Year 4	_	338,227
	\$	424,889

Actuarial Valuation

KPPA's actuary, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Co., completed the actuarial valuation for the calculation of the employer contribution rates for CERS and the Insurance Fund for the period ended June 30, 2022.

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

The results of the actuarial valuation are based upon the assumptions and funding policies adopted by the Board and statutory funding requirements. Assumptions and funding policies are reviewed against actual plan experience every 5 years. In general, the assumptions and methods, used in the June 30, 2022 valuation are based on the most recent actuarial experience study for the five year period ending June 30, 2018.

- 1. Actuarial Cost Method-prepared using the entry age normal cost (EANC) method as required by state statute.
- 2. UAAL Amortization Method-the actuarial liability contribution is calculated by amortizing the unfunded accrued liability as of June 30, 2019 over a closed 30-year amortization.
- 3. Asset Valuation Method- recognizes a portion of the difference between the market value of assets and he expected market value of assets.
- 4. Retiree Insurance Funding Policy-calculated by amortizing the unfunded accrued liability as of June 30, 2019, over a closed 20-year amortization bases.
- 5. Investment Return Assumption-the future investment earnings of plan assets are assumed t accumulate at a rate of 6.25% per annum.
- 6. Salary Increase Assumptions-member's salaries are assumed to increase, price inflation component is 2.3%, and productivity component is 1%.
- 7. Health Care Cost Trend Rate-medical premiums are assumed to increase in 2024 at 6.2% for Non-Medicare Plans, and 9% for Medicare Plans.
- 8. Payroll Growth Assumption-the amortization cost to finance the unfunded actuarial accrued liability, the active member payroll is assumed to increase at a rate of 0%.
- 9. Retiree Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)-SB2 only allows the Cost of Living Adjustments to be awarded on a biennial basis.
- 10. Retirement Rate Assumptions-retirement ages for Males to retire range from 35%, Females 27%, under 45 years of age to 30% for Males age 70, Females 27%.
- 11. Mortality Assumptions-refer to the tables included in the KPPA's 2022 Annual Report.
- 12. Withdrawal Rates- the probability, or likelihood, of active member's terminating employment range from 20% with 1 year of service to 1.35% for 25 years of service.
- 13. Rates of Disablement-disability benefits to active members range from .04% probability near age 20 to 1.02% near age 60.
- 14. Assumption Changes Since Prior Valuation-in conjunction with the review of the healthcare per capita claims cost, the assumed increase in future healthcare costs, or trend assumption, is reviewed on an annual basis. The trend assumption for the Medicare Plans was increased during the select period as a result of this review.

Discount rate

A single discount rate of 6.25% was used to measure the total pension liability for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.25%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.25%) than the current rate:

		Current	
CERS	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	5.25%	6.25%	7.25%
District's proportionate share			
of net pension liability	\$ 14,881,254	\$ 11,906,186	\$ 9,445,556

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table below for CERS Pension and Insurance Funds:

Target Allocation		Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	
50	%	4.45	%
10	%	10.15	%
10	%	0.28	%
10	%	2.28	%
0	%	-0.91	%
7	%	3.67	%
13	%	4.07	%
	50 10 10 10 0	Allocation 50 % 10 % 10 % 10 % 0 %	Target Allocation Expected Real Rate of Return 50 % 4.45 10 % 10.15 10 % 0.28 10 % 2.28 0 % -0.91 7 % 3.67

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report which is publically available at https://kyret.ky.gov.

Payables to the pension plan

At June 30, 2023, there are no payables to CERS.

NOTE F – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The District's employees participate in retirement systems of either TRS or CERS as described earlier. The following describes the other postemployment benefits for both systems.

TRS – General Information about the OPEB Plans

Health Insurance Trust (Medical Insurance Fund)

Plan description

In addition to the retirement annuity plan as described earlier, KRS 161.675 requires TRS to provide postemployment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Health Insurance Trust is funded by employer and member contributions. Changes made to the medical plans provided

through the trust may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Medical coverage through TRS is funded by a combination of contributions from employees, the state and other employers. Coverage is provided through an account established pursuant to 26 U.S.C. sec. 401(h) and 115 trust fund that went into effect on July 1, 2010. The insurance trust fund includes employer and retired member contributions required under KRS 161.550 and KRS 161.675(4) (b).

Benefits provided

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability and a required amount of service credit. The TRS medical plan offers members who are not eligible for Medicare and under age 65 coverage through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan (KEHP) administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are eligible for Medicare, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan (MEHP) administered by TRS.

Contributions

Contributions are made on behalf of TRS retired members toward payment of health insurance premiums. The amount of the member's contribution is based on a table approved by the TRS board. Retired members pay premiums in excess of the monthly contribution. The Commonwealth of Kentucky bears risk for excess claims expenses that exceed the premium equivalents charged for the KEHP. The member postemployment medical contribution is 3.75% of salary. The employer postemployment medical contribution is 0.75% of member salaries. Also, employers contribute 3% of members' salaries and the state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for new retirees after June 30, 2010, in the non-Medicare eligible group.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

The District reported a liability of \$6,373,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (NOL). The collective net OPEB liability was valued as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The District's proportion was .256734%.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District as follows:

MIF		
District's proportionate share of TRS net OPEB liability	\$	6,373,000
State's proportionate share of the TRS net OPEB		
liability associated with the District	_	2,094,000
	\$	8,467,000

The District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following.

MIF	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	\$	-	\$ 2,679,000
Changes of assumptions		1,294,000	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		339,000	_
Changes in proportion and differences		,	
between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		2,050,000	157,000
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	_	328,160	
	\$ _	4,011,160	\$ 2,836,000

The \$328,160 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

MIF	_	Year Ended June 30,
Year 1	\$	(110,000)
Year 2		(43,000)
Year 3		29,000
Year 4		442,000
Year 5		371,000
Thereafter		158,000
	_	
	\$	847,000

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial assumptions as of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Valuation Date June 30, 2021

Asset Valuation Method Market Value of Assets

Price Inflation 2.5%

Payroll Growth 2.5% per annum Salary Increase 2.75 per annum

Discount Rate 7.10%

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Part B 6.97% at June 30, 2022, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.55% by

June 30, 2034 and beyond.

Under Age 65 7% at June 30, 2020, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.5% by June

30, 2034 and beyond.

Age 65 and Older 5.125% at June 30, 2022 with an ultimate rate of 45% by June 30,

2034 and beyond.

Mortality rates were based on the Teachers Mortality Table, and set forward two years for males and multiplied by 102%. Rates for females are set forward 2 years and multiplied by 101%. Disabled male members are set forward 1 year and multiplied by 96%. Rates for female members are set back 2 years and multiplied by 94%.

Target Allocations

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate
Asset Class	Percentage	of Return
Global Equity	58.00	5.10
Fixed Income	9.00	(0.10)
Real Estate	6.50	4.00
Private Equity	8.50	6.90
Additional Categories	17.00	2.20
Cash	1.00	(0.30)
Total	100.00	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the TOL as of the measurement date was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021. In addition to actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%.
- The pre-65 retiree health care costs for members retired on or after July 1, 2010, were assumed to be paid by either the state or the retirees themselves.
- As administrative expenses, other than the administrative fee of \$8.00 per member per month (PMPM) paid to KEHP by TRS, were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.
- Future contributions to the Health Insurance Trust were based upon the contribution rates defined in statute and the projected payroll of active employees. Per KRS 161.540(1)(c).3 and 161.550(5), when the health trust achieves a sufficient funded status, as determined by TRS's actuary, the following health trust statutory contributions are to be decreased, suspended, or eliminated:
 - Employee Contributions
 - Employer Contributions
 - State Contributions for KEHP premium subsidies payable to retirees who retire after June 30, 2010

To reflect these adjustments, open group projections were used and assumed an equal, pro rata reduction to the current statutory amount in the years if the health trust is projected to achieve a funded ratio of 100% or more. Here, the current statutory amounts are adjusted to achieve total contributions equal to the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), as determined by the prior year's valuation and in accordance with the Health Trust's funding policy. As the specific methodology to be used for the adjustments has yet to be determined, there may be differences between the projected results and future experience. This may also include any changes to retiree contributions for KEHP coverage pursuant to KRS 161.675(4)(b).

- In developing the adjustments to the statutory contributions in future years the following was assumed:
 - Liabilities and cash flows are net of expected retiree contributions and any implicit subsidies attributable to coverage while participating in KEHP.
 - For the purposes of developing estimates for new entrants, active headcounts were assumed to remain flat for all future years.

Based on these assumptions, the Health Insurance Trust's fiduciary net position (FNP) was <u>not</u> projected to be depleted.

The following table presents the net OPEB liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, and what the liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current discount rate:

	Current					
MIF		1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase
		6.10%		7.10%		8.10%
District's proportionate share						
of net OPEB liability	\$	7,997,000	\$	6,373,000	\$	5,030,000

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what it would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

MIF	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share			
of net OPEB liability	\$ 4,778,000	\$ 6,373,000	\$ 8,358,000

Life Insurance Trust

Plan description and benefits provided

TRS administers the Life Insurance Trust as provided by KRS 161.655 to provide life insurance benefits to retired and active members. The benefit is financed by actuarially determined contributions from the 207 participating employers. The benefit is \$5,000 for members who are retired for service or disability, and \$2,000 for active contribution members.

Note: Members employed on a substitute or part-time basis and working at least 69% of a full contract year in a single fiscal year will be eligible for a life insurance benefit for the balance of the fiscal year or the immediately succeeding fiscal year under certain conditions. For non-vested members employed on a substitute or part-time basis, the life insurance benefit is provided if death occurs as the result of a physical injury on the job. For vested members employed on a substitute or part-time basis, death does not have to be the result of a physical injury on the job for life insurance benefits to be provided.

Contributions

In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

Net OPEB Liability

The District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District as follows:

LIF

State's proportionate share of the TRS net OPEB liability associated with the District

104,000

Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial assumptions as of the latest actuarial valuation is shown below.

Valuation Date June 30, 2017 Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll

Amortization Period 27 years, Closed

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed value

Inflation 3%
Real Wage Growth 0.5%
Wage Inflation 3.5%

Salary Increase 3.5 to 7.20%, including wage inflation

Discount Rate 7.5%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB, and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the system, which covered the five year period ending June 30, 2015.

The remaining actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation of the health trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2019, valuation. The health care cost trend rate assumption was updated for the June 30, 2019, valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the total OPEB liability (TOL) roll forward while the change in initial per capital claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll forward.

The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20 year Municipal Bond index pushed weekly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

Target Allocations

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table.

Asset Class	Target Allocation Percentage	Expected Geometric Real Rate Percentage of Return
U.S. Equity	40.0	4.40
International Equity	23.0	5.6
Fixed Income	18.0	(.10)
Real Estate	6.0	4.0
Private Equity	5.0	6.9
Other Additional Categories	6.0	2.1
Cash	2.0	(0.3)
	100.0	

As the Life Trust investment policy is to change, the above reflects the pension allocation and returns that achieve the targeted 8.00% long-term rate of return.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability (TOL) as of the measurement date was 7.1%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021. In addition to actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of the life insurance cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%.
- The employer will contribute the actuarially determined contribution (ADC) in accordance with the Life Insurance Trust's funding policy determined by a valuation performed on a date two years prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which the ADC applies.
- As administrative expenses were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.
- Active employees do not explicitly contribute to the plan.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.

Based on these assumptions, the Life Insurance Trust's fiduciary net position (FNP) was <u>not</u> projected to be depleted.

Revenue or Expenses for TRS OPEB plans

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB revenue in the amount of \$209,452 for support provided on-behalf of the State.

CERS – General Information about the OPEB Plans

Employees' Health Plan

Plan description

The Insurance Fund was established to provide hospital and medical insurance for eligible members receiving benefits. CERS Non-hazardous Insurance Plan is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) plan. The plan covers all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty positions of the school board. OPEB may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances.

Benefits provided

The Plan provides hospital and medical insurance for eligible members receiving benefits. The Insurance Fund will pay the cost of insurance premium for participating members prior to July 1, 2003 greater than 4 years of service, 25%, greater than 10 years of service, 50%, greater than 15 years of service, 75%, and greater than 20 years of service, 100%. For participating members after July 1, 2003 the benefit paid by the Insurance Fund is based on years of service the dollar amount per year of service is \$13.99 to be applied to the current cost premium.

Contributions

Requirements for medical benefits are a portion of the actuarially determined rates of covered payroll, as disclosed above. Current employees pay 1% toward the insurance fund.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

The District reported a liability of \$3,249,824 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability which is .164672%.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and OPEB Expense included in the Schedules of OPEB Amounts include only certain categories of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions and differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments. The Schedules of OPEB Amounts do not include deferred outflow/inflows of resources for changes in the employer's proportionate share of contributions or employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability (NOL), and sensitivity information are based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021. The total OPEB liability was rolled forward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, using generally accepted actuarial principles.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$306,659. The District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources.

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	327,123	\$	745,260
Changes of assumptions		513,982		423,519
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		605,151		473,248
Changes in proportion and differences				
between District contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		191,603		137,555
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	_	193,897		
			•	
	\$ _	1,831,756	\$	1,779,582

The \$193,897 (includes \$117,169 Implicit Subsidy) reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows.

	_	Year Ended June 30,
Year 1	\$	12,287
Year 2		7,569
Year 3		(201,388)
Year 4	_	39,808
	\$ _	(141,723)

Implicit Employer Subsidy for non-Medicare retirees- The fully-insured premiums KRS pays for the Kentucky Employees' Health Plan are blended rates based on the combined experience of active and retired members. Because the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 is higher than the average cost of providing health care benefits to active employees, there is an implicit employer subsidy for the non-Medicare eligible retirees. GASB 74 and 75 requires that the liability associated with this implicit subsidy be included in the calculation of the total OPEB liability.

Changes of Benefit Terms

None

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions to Determine the Total OPEB Liability and the Net OPEB Liability

For financial reporting, the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, was performed by Gabriel Roeder Smith (GRA). The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability, and sensitivity information, were based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The total OPEB liability was rolled-forward from the valuation to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, using the generally accepted actuarial principles.

The following actuarial assumptions were used in performing the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022:

Investment Rate of Return6.25%Inflation2.3%Payroll Growth Rate2.0%

Salary Increases 3.3 to 10.3%

Healthcare Trend Rates (Pre-65) Initial trend starting at 6.4% at January 1, 2022, and

Gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05%

Over period of 14 years.

Healthcare Trend Rates (Post-65)

Initial trend starting at 6.3% in 2023 then

Gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05%

Over period of 13 years.

Mortality System-specific mortality table based on mortality

Experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate Rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a

Base year of 2019.

Senate Bill 209 passed in the 2022 legislative session increased the insurance dollar contribution for members hired on or after July 1, 2003 by \$5 for each year of service each member attains over certain thresholds, depending on a member's retirement eligibility requirement. This increase in the insurance dollar contribution does not increase by 1.5% annually and is only payable for non-Medicare retirees. Additionally, it is only payable when the member's applicable insurance fund is at least 90% funded. The increase is first payable January 1, 2023.

Discount rate

Single discount rates of 5.7% were used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022. The single discount rates are based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.25%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.69%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20 Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2022. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ending, the plan's fiduciary net position on future contributions were projected to be sufficient to finance the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on insurance plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments paid from the plan. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of the plans actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the plans trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate must include an assumption regarding future employer contributions made each year. Future contributions are projected assuming that each participating employer in each insurance plan contributes the actuarially determined employer contribution each future year calculated in accordance with the current funding policy

The following table presents the Net OPEB Liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.7%, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.7%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.7%) than the current rate:

				Current	
CERS		1% Decrease		Discount Rate	1% Increase
		4.70%		5.70%	6.70%
District's proportionate share					
of net OPEB liability	\$	4,344,497	\$	3,249,824	\$ 2,344,895

Health Care Trend Rate Sensitivity

The following presents the health care sensitivity rate of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.7%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.7%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.7%) than the current rate:

CERS		1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase		
District's proportionate share						
of net OPEB liability	\$	2,416,172	\$ 3,249,824	\$	4,250,883	

OPEB plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

NOTE G – COMMITMENTS

The District has commitments of \$1,080,519 as of June 30, 2023 for future construction projects. The District has committed fund balance for the General Fund of \$183,316 for sick leave.

NOTE H - CONTINGENCIES

The District receives funding from Federal, State and Local governmental agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if the grantor's review indicates that the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and un-reimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their program.

NOTE I - LITIGATION

The District has no pending or threatened litigation involving amounts exceeding \$10,000 individually or in the aggregate as of June 30, 2023.

NOTE J – INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, illegal acts, etc. Each of these risk areas is covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies, which are retrospectively rated and includes Workers' Compensation insurance.

NOTE K – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to illegal acts, torts, theft/damage/destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for workers' compensation, errors and omission, and general liability coverage, the District purchased commercial insurance policies.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Districts Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE L – DEFICIT FUND AND OPERATING BALANCES

The following funds had an operating deficit at the end of the fiscal year causing a reduction in the fund balance/net position.

<u>Fund</u>	Change in Net Position/ Net Change in Fund Balance	Fund Balance/ Net Position	
Student Activity Capital Outlay	\$ (47,671) (249,040)		-
FSPK Construction	\$ (51,838) (114,925)		-

NOTE M – COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

NOTE N – TRANSFER OF FUNDS

The following transfers were made during the year:

Туре	From	То	Purpose	 Amount
Operations	Capital Outlay	General Fund	Operations	\$ 498,080
Operations	Building Fund	General Fund	Operations	254,565
Debt Service	Building Fund	Debt Service	Debt Payments	1,062,394
Special Rev	General Fund	Special Revenue	KETS Matching	52,299
Operations	Food Service	General Fund	Indirect Costs	113,575
Operations	Special Rev	General Fund	Indirect Costs	145,696
Operations	Special Rev	General Fund	Operations	102,750
Construction	Special Rev	Construction	Construction	\$ 808,579

NOTE O – ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

For fiscal year 2023, the Commonwealth of Kentucky contributed estimated payments on behalf of the District as follows:

Plan/Description	<u>Amount</u>
Kentucky Teachers Retirement System (GASB 68 & 75)	\$ 5,669,387
Health Insurance	3,360,034
Life Insurance	4,849
Administrative Fee	38,760
HRA/Dental/Vision	168,076
Federal Reimbursement	(534,402)
Technology	102,436
SFCC Debt Service Payments	241,755
Total	\$ 9,050,896

These amounts are included in the financial statements as state revenue and an expense allocated to the different functions in the same proportion as full-time employees.

NOTE P – RESTRICTED FUNDS

The following funds had restricted fund balances:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Purpose
Debt Service	\$ 271,141	School Facilities Construction Commission Requirement
Day Care	524,753	Day Care Operations
Techy Tees	1,617	Proprietary Operations
Student Activity	347,054	Student Activities
District Activity	108,401	District Activities
Fiduciary	1,376,831	Investments
Construction Fund	\$ 72,810	Future Construction Projects

NOTE Q – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events through November 15, 2023, the date of the audit report.

Bourbon County School District

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY CERS and TRS

Year ended June 30, 2023

		Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2023 (2022)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2022 (2021)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2021 (2020)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2020 (2019)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2018 (2017)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2017 (2016)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2016 (2015)
COUNTY EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CERS):	•	(2022)	(2021)	(2020)	(2019)	(2010)	(2011)	(2010)	(2013)
Districts' proportion of the net pension liability		0.16470%	0.15677%	0.16616%	0.15415%	0.15545%	0.15792%	0.165770%	0.15997%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	11,906,186 \$	9,995,508 \$	12,744,334 \$	10,841,509 \$	9,467,258 \$	9,243,543 \$	8,161,818 \$	6,877,988
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District		<u>-</u>							<u>-</u>
Total	\$	11,906,186 \$	9,995,508 \$	12,744,334 \$	10,841,509 \$	9,467,258 \$	9,243,543 \$	8,161,818 \$	6,877,988
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,919,334 \$	3,835,627 \$	4,092,109 \$	3,839,729 \$	3,865,927 \$	3,826,205 \$	3,956,867 \$	3,791,962
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		242.03%	260.60%	311.44%	282.35%	244.89%	241.59%	206.27%	181.38%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		52.42%	57.33%	47.81%	50.54%	53.54%	53.30%	59.00%	59.97%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TRS):									
Districts' proportion of the net pension liability		0.3590%	0.2918%	0.2885%	0.288%	0.303%	0.311%	0.319%	0.316%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District		60,822,630	44,429,727	48,433,907	46,265,886	45,830,434	99,828,329	109,027,679	83,178,530
Total	\$	60,822,630 \$	44,429,727 \$	48,433,907 \$	46,265,886	45,830,434 \$	99,828,329 \$	109,027,679 \$	83,178,530
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	13,592,510 \$	12,588,153 \$	12,146,606 \$	12,119,074 \$	12,251,395 \$	12,608,041 \$	12,543,395 \$	12,018,813
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		56.41%	65.59%	58.27%	58.80%	59.30%	39.80%	35.22%	42.29%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30.

Bourbon County School District

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

CERS and TRS

Year ended June 30, 2023

COUNTY EMPLOYETS DETIDEMENT SYSTEM (SERS).	_	2023	_	2022	_	2021	_	2020	_	2019	_	2018	_	2017	_	2016
COUNTY EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CERS):																
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,250,752	\$	1,041,423	\$	824,700	\$	964,908	\$	810,786	\$	723,668	\$	738,185	\$	675,007
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	_	1,250,752	_	1,041,423	_	824,700	_	964,908	_	810,786	_	723,668	_	738,185		675,007
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_	-	_		_	-	_	-	_	-	_		_	-	_	-
District's covered-employee payrol	\$	4,256,448	\$	4,919,334	\$	4,295,117	\$	4,257,410	\$	3,839,729	\$	3,865,927	\$	3,826,205	\$	3,956,867
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payrol		29.38%		21.17%		19.20%		22.66%		21.12%		18.72%		19.29%		17.06%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TRS):																
Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions		-	_		_	-	_	<u>-</u>	_	-	_		_	<u> </u>	_	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_		_		_	-	_		_	-	_		_		_	-
District's covered-employee payrol	\$	12,146,606	\$	13,592,510	\$	12,588,153	\$	12,146,606	\$	12,119,074	\$	12,251,395	\$	12,608,041	\$	12,543,395
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payrol		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30

BOURBON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PENSIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2023

Teachers Retirement System (TRS)

Retirement Annuity Trust

Changes of Benefit Terms

A new benefit tier was added for members joining the System on and after January 1, 2022. A description of the benefit provisions applicable to these members can be found in Schedule D of the 2022 Actuary Report of the TRS.

Changes of assumptions

In 2014, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.16% to 5.23%.

In 2015, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.23% to 4.88%.

In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation, the Assumed Salary Scale, Price Inflation, and Wage Inflation were adjusted to reflect a decrease. In addition, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.88% to 4.20%.

In 2017, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.20% to 4.49%.

In 2018, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.49% to 7.50%.

In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.10 percent and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00 percent to 2.50 percent. In addition, the calculation of the SEIR results in an assumption change from 7.50% to 7.10%.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of June 30 on the three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of that schedule.

BOURBON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PENSIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2023

A summary of the actuarial assumptions of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Valuation Date

Actuarial Cost Method

Inflation Rate

Single Equivalent Interest Rate

Municipal Bond Index Rate

June 30, 2021

Entry age

2.5%

7.10%

2.13%

Projected Salary Increase 3.0-7.5%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.10%, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation.

County Employee Retirement System (CERS)

Non-Hazardous

Changes of Benefit Terms

Please refer to P. 181 of KPPA's 2022 Annual Report "Benefit Changes since the Prior Valuation".

Changes of assumptions

None.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Based on the actuarial valuation report, the actuarial methods and assumptions used to calculate the contribution rates are as follows.

Valuation Date June 30, 2020 Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method 20% of the difference between the market value of assets and

the expected actuarial value of assets recognized

Amortization Method Level Percent of Pay

Amortization Period 30-year closed period at June 30, 2019, Gains/losses incurring

After 2019 will be amortized over separate closed 20-year

Amortization bases

Mortality System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience

From 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP2014

Mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019

Phase-In Provision Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined rate

In accordance with HB 362 enacted in 2018

Inflation 2.30% Payroll Growth Rate 2.0%

Salary Increase 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25%

Bourbon County School District

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY MEDICAL AND LIFE INSURANCE PLANS - TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Year ended June 30, 2023

MEDICAL INCURANCE DI ANI	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2023 (2022)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2022 (2021)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2021 (2020)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2020 (2019)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2018 (2017)
MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	0.256734%	0.180132%	0.181755%	0.17918%	0.17927%	0.19396%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 6,373,000 \$	3,865,000 \$	4,587,000 \$	5,244,000 \$	6,220,000 \$	6,916,000
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	2,094,000	3,139,000	3,674,000	4,235,000	5,360,000	5,649,000
Total	\$ 8,467,000 \$	7,004,000 \$	8,261,000 \$	9,479,000 \$	10,203,000 \$	12,565,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 13,592,510 \$	12,588,153 \$	12,146,606 \$	10,686,578 \$	10,983,190 \$	11,086,694
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payrol	46.89%	30.70%	37.76%	49.07%	56.63%	62.38%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	47.75%	39.05%	39.10%	32.60%	25.50%	21.20%
LIFE INSURANCE PLAN District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	0.00000%	0.00000%	0.00000%	0.00000%	0.00000%	0.00000%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	104,000	42,000	111,000	98,000	92,000	76,000
Total	\$ 104,000 \$	42,000 \$	111,000 \$	98,000 \$	92,000 \$	76,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 13,592,510 \$	12,588,153 \$	12,146,606 \$	10,686,578 \$	10,983,190 \$	11,086,694
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	73.97%	71.57%	71.60%	73.40%	75.00%	80.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30

Bourbon County School District

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

MEDICAL AND LIFE INSURANCE PLANS TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Year ended June 30, 2023

		2023	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN Contractually required contribution	\$	328,160 \$	340,708	\$	319,735	\$	320,873	\$	311,702	\$	318,825
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	328,160	340,708		319,735		320,873		311,702		318,825
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_	-				_				_	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	12,146,606 \$	13,592,510	\$	12,588,153	\$	12,146,606	\$	12,119,074	\$	10,983,190
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		2.70%	2.51%		2.54%		2.64%		2.57%		2.90%
LIFE INSURANCE PLAN Contractually required contribution	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		<u> </u>		- —	<u> </u>						<u> </u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_	<u>-</u>		: =		_	<u>-</u>	_		_	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	12,146,606 \$	13,592,510	\$	12,588,153	\$	12,146,606	\$	12,119,074	\$	10,983,190
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30.

Bourbon County School District

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY -HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Year ended June 30, 2023

	F	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2023 (2022)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2022 (2021)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2021 (2020)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2020 (2019)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2018 (2017)
HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN							
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)		0.164467%	0.156799%	0.166111%	0.15411%	0.15544%	0.15792%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	3,249,824 \$	3,001,838	\$ 4,011,075	\$ 2,592,094	\$ 2,759,860	\$ 3,174,732
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	_	<u>-</u>					
Total	\$_	3,249,824 \$	3,001,838	\$4,011,075	\$ 2,592,094	\$ 2,759,860	\$ 3,174,732
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,919,334 \$	4,295,117	\$ 4,257,410	\$ 3,839,729	\$ 3,865,927	\$ 3,869,517
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		66.06%	69.89%	94.21%	67.51%	71.39%	82.04%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		60.95%	51.67%	51.67%	60.44%	57.62%	13.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30.

Bourbon County School District

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM Year ended June 30, 2023

		2023	2022		2021	2020		2019		2018
HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN Contractually required contribution	\$	193,897	\$ 284	,338 \$	203,397	\$ 114,850	\$	85,044	\$	74,491
Contributions in relation to the contractually		193,897	284	,338	203,397	114,850		85,044		74,491
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_	-		<u> </u>	-			-	_	_
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,256,448	\$ 4,919	,334 \$	4,295,117	\$ 4,257,410	\$	3,839,729	\$	3,705,438
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		4.56%	5	.78%	4.74%	2.70%)	2.21%		2.01%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30.

BOURBON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023

Teachers Retirement System (TRS)

Health Insurance Trust

Changes of Benefit Terms

A new benefit tier was added for members joining the System on and after January 1, 2022. A description of the benefit provisions applicable to these members can be found in Schedule D of the 2022 Actuary Report of the TRS.

Changes of Assumptions

None.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of June 30, 2019. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of the schedule.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Amortization Period Level percentage of payroll

Amortization Method 21 years, closed

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market value

Inflation 3%
Real Wage Growth 0.5%
Wage Inflation 3.5%

Salary Increase 3.5 to 7.2%, including wage inflation

Discount Rate 8.0%

Health Care Cost Trends

KEHP Group 7.25% at June 30, 2020, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5% by June 30,

2029

MEHP Group 5.25% at June 30, 2020, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5% by June 30,

2022

Medicare Part B Premiums 6.49% at June 30, 2020 with an ultimate rate of 5% by June 30, 2031

KEHP Group Claims The current KEHP premium is used as the base cost and is projected

Forward using only the health care trend assumption (no implicit rate

Subsidy is recognized).

Life Insurance Trust

Changes of Benefit Terms

BOURBON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023

A new benefit tier was added for members joining the System on and after January 1, 2022. A description of the benefit provisions applicable to these members can be found in Schedule D of the 2022 Actuary Report of the TRS.

Changes of Assumptions

None.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of the schedule.

Valuation Date June 30, 2017 Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll

Amortization Period 27 years, Closed

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed value

Inflation 3%
Real Wage Growth 0.5%
Wage Inflation 3.5%

Salary Increase 3.5 to 7.20%, including wage inflation

Discount Rate 7.5%

County Employee Retirement System (CERS)

Employees' Health Plan

Changes of Benefit Terms

Please refer to P. 181 of KPPA's 2022 Annual Report "Benefit Changes since the Prior Valuation".

Changes of Assumptions

None.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

BOURBON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023

The following actuarial assumptions were used in performing the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022:

Valuation Date June 30, 2020 Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method 20% of the difference between the market value of assets and

the expected actuarial value of assets recognized

Amortization Method Level Percent of Pay

Amortization Period 30-year closed period at June 30, 2019, Gains/losses incurring

After 2019 will be amortized over separate closed 20-year

Amortization bases

Mortality System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience

From 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP2014

Mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019

Phase-In Provision Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined rate

In accordance with HB 362 enacted in 2018

Inflation 2.30% Payroll Growth Rate 2.0%

Salary Increase 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25%

Healthcare Trend Rates (Pre-65) Initial trend starting at 6.40% at January 1, 2022, and

Gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05 Over period of 14 years. The 2021 premiums were Known at the time of the valuation and were incorporated

Into the liability measurement

Healthcare Trend Rates (Post-65)

Initial trend starting at 6.30% at January 1, 2023 then

Gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% Over period of 13 years. The 2021 premiums were known At the time of the valuation and were incorporated into the Liability measurement. Additionally, Humana provided "Not to Exceed" 2022 Medicare premiums, which were Incorporated and resulted in an assumed 2.90% increase in

Medicare premiums at January 1, 2022

Bourbon County School District Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

Other Governmental Funds

Assets Cash and cash equivalents	Special Revenue Student Activity \$ 347,05	Outlay	FSPK Fund	Construction \$ 77,213 \$	Special Revenue District Activity	Total \$\$532,668
Total assets	347,05	<u> </u>		77,213	108,401	532,668
Liabilities Accounts payable Total liabilities				4,403 4,403		4,403
Fund Balance Restricted	347,05	1		72,810	108,401	528,265
Total fund balance	347,05	4	<u> </u>	72,810	108,401	528,265
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$347,05	<u>4</u> \$	_ \$	\$ \$ 77,213 \$	108,401	\$532,668

Bourbon County School District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year ended June 30, 2023

		Other Governmental Funds								
	_	Special Revenue Student Activity	Capital Outlay	FSPK Fund	Construction	Special Revenue District Activity	Total			
Revenues	_									
Property taxes	\$	- \$	- \$	859,845 \$	- \$	- \$	859,845			
Earnings on investments					3,386		3,386			
Student activities		823,316				54,094	877,410			
Intergovernmental - state	_		249,040	405,276			654,316			
Total revenues	_	823,316	249,040	1,265,121	3,386	54,094	2,394,957			
Expenditures	_									
Instruction		870,987				37,722	908,709			
Support Services										
Instructional Staff						6,301	6,301			
Site improvement					926,890		926,890			
Total expenditures	-	870,987	 .		926,890	44,023	1,841,900			
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues										
Over Expenditures		(47,671)	249,040	1,265,121	(923,504)	10,071	553,057			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers (out)			(498,080)	(1,316,959)			(1,815,039)			
Transfers in			(100,000)	(1,010,000)	808,579		808,579			
Total other financing sources (uses)		_	(498,080)	(1,316,959)	808,579	-	(1,006,460)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	•	(47,671)	(249,040)	(51,838)	(114,925)	10,071	(453,403)			
Fund Balance Beginning		394,725	249,040	51,838	187,735	98,330	981,668			
Fund Balance Ending	\$	347,054 \$	- \$	\$	72,810 \$	108,401 \$	528,265			

Bourbon County School District Combining Balance Sheet - School Activity Funds June 30, 2023

SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS

				_	 					
	-	BOURBON CO. HIGH SCHOOL	_	BOURBON CO. MIDDLE SCHOOL	 BOURBON CENTRAL ELEMENTARY	CANE RIDGE ELEMENTARY		NORTH MIDDLETON ELEMENTARY	<u>-</u>	TOTAL
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	242,338	\$	78,002	\$ 11,656	\$ 10,162	\$	4,896	\$	347,054
Total assets	- :	242,338	=	78,002	 11,656	10,162		4,896	- =	347,054
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable										-
Total liabilities	-	-		<u>-</u>	-	-	•	<u>-</u>	-	-
FUND BALANCE										
School activities	_	242,338	_	78,002	 11,656	10,162		4,896	_	347,054
	-	242,338	-	78,002	 11,656	10,162		4,896	-	347,054
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	242,338	\$	78,002	\$ 11,656	\$ 10,162	\$	4,896	\$	347,054

Bourbon County School District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance - School Activity Year ended June 30, 2023

			S	CHC	OOL ACTIVITY FUN	IDS				
	<u>-</u>	BOURBON CO. HIGH SCHOOL	BOURBON CO. MIDDLE SCHOOL	;	BOURBON CENTRAL ELEMENTARY	•	CANE RIDGE ELEMENTARY	-	NORTH MIDDLETON ELEMENTARY	TOTAL
Revenues Student/trust revenues	\$	567,595	\$ 184,116	\$	37,583	\$	20,256	\$	13,766	\$ 823,316
Expenditures Student/trust activities		580,012	220,781		34,247		23,324		12,623	870,987
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenses		(12,417)	(36,665)		3,336		(3,068)		1,143	(47,671)
Fund Balance-Beginning	-	254,755	114,667	•	8,320	•	13,230	-	3,753	394,725
Fund Balance-Ending	\$_	242,338	\$ 78,002	\$	11,656	\$	10,162	\$	4,896	\$ 347,054

Bourbon County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance - Bourbon County High School Year ended June 30, 2023

	_	FUND BALANCE BEGINNING	_	REVENUES	_	EXPENSES		TRANSFERS	FUND BALANCE ENDING
YOUTH SERVICE CENTER	\$	910	\$	740	\$	1,186	\$	(60) \$	403
ARCHERY	•	-	*	20,038	*	9,415	•	(677)	9,947
YOUNG WOMEN LEADERSHIP FI SOPHMORE COLLEGE FIELD TRACK		128 139		-		36			92 139
FUNDRAISER KYVL DATABASES		193		-		-			193
FRESHMEN COLLEGEFIELD TRACK		14		-		-			14
WALK IN EVENTS JUNIOR COLLEGE FIELD TRIP		100 56		-		-			100 56
RECYCLING CLUB		147		545		463			230
BASKETBALL CONCESSION		-		19,952		11,035		(8,917)	(0)
ADVANCED PLACEMENT ACADEMIC TEAM		5,887 533		6,378		7,914			4,351 533
ART CLUB		248		474		457			265
BASEBALL		11,185		26,260		27,412		10,559	20,592
BOYS BASKETBALL GIRLS BASKETBALL		6,965 6,760		23,728 23,445		34,060 20,614		7,906 6,597	4,539 16,188
CHEERLEADING		1,848		48,849		43,141		(4,779)	2,777
ATHLETIC PROMOTION		5,454		26,770		23,043		11,200	20,382
BEST PRACTICE SCHOOL IMPR FOOTBALL		221		-		- 52.464		- 648	221
TRACK		13,580 5,592		43,373 17,676		53,461 38,701		17,616	4,140 2,183
GOLF		201		75		200		(68)	8
BOYS SOCCER		1,856		11,789		10,592		1,082	4,135
BOYS TENNIS GIRLS SOFTBALL		865 7,579		3,728 29,339		3,910 22,244		(550) (1,473)	133 13,202
HEALTH SCIENCE		893		1,380		1,380		(1,473)	893
SOFTDRINK ACCOUNT		79		105		-		79	263
DISTRICT CONCESSIONS GIRLS SOCCER		-		- 7.40F		- 12 142		- E 4 7	- 45 110
DISTRICT SOFTBALL		20,287		7,425		13,142		547 -	15,118
DISTRICT BASEBALL		3,938		-		-		(3,938)	-
BASS FISHING		2,843		1,146		907		(98)	2,984
CROSS COUNTY TESTING SUPPLIES		33,470 20		41,633		38,670		(36,382)	51 20
DISTRICT BASKETBALL		-		12,618		9,565		(3,052)	-
FEES		-		-		-		- '	-
COLLEGE CLASSES		-		-		-		-	-
GERMAN		6		-		-		-	6
DANCE		10,573		15,544		21,222		207	5,101
BETA YOUTH LEADERSHIP		-		4,585		4,871		286	-
WBBA		136		-		-		-	136
SMALL ENGINES		-		-		-		-	-
FOODS		-		2,911		1,040		(800)	1,071
VOLLEYBALL		3,300		23,133		20,337		(1,963)	4,133
DRAMA CLASS		12		-		-		-	12
ENGLISH		242		-		-		-	242
STUDENT ADVOCACY COMMITTEE		-		-		-		-	-
WRESTLING REGION TOURNEY		-		470		-		(470)	-
SKILLS USA ENGLISH 101 FIELD TRIP		501 190		39		147		-	393 190
DANCE MAROON		108		1,526		1,634			190
FFA		5,391		16,175		20.212		_	1,353
FFA FARM		23,523		31,816		23,110		(2,500)	29,729
FFA BOOK PROJECT		-		15,238		19,178		3,940	-
FFA TRACTOR		-		-		-		-	-
FFA INVESTMENT		143		12		-		-	155
FCCLA / FHA		65		5,376		6,026		900	316
ART DEPT		-		7		-		-	7
HOMECOMING HORTICULTURE		14,025		- 18,551		10,158		(3,940)	- 18,479
2019 SENIOR CLASS TRIP		343		10,551		10,130		(3,940)	343
POWDER PUFF FOOTBALL		609		_		33		_	576
STERLING HEALTHCARE		3,000		-		1,200		(1,800)	-
JOURNALISM		-		16		-		-	16
SPEC ED TRANSITION SERV		172		-		-		-	172
NAHS (ART)		16		-		-		-	16
NATIONAL HONOR SOCIETY		1,122		1,920		2,320		-	722
OFFICE / INTEREST		2,865		11,646		5,534		(365)	8,613
PSAT		115		126		126		-	115
SPECTRUM CLUB		25		20		-		-	45 -
PE PROM		- 9,998		- 9,653		- 8,672		- (150)	- 10,829
SCHOOL PLAY		20,689		6,203		9,379		(150)	17,513
HUMANITIES		-		-		-		-	-
SHH . SPANISH CLUB		651		-		-		-	651

Bourbon County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance - Bourbon County High School Year ended June 30, 2023

STUDENT INCENTIVIES		309	850	1,062	-	97
STUDENT GOVERNMENT		17	-	-	-	17
VO AG MECHANICS		1,400	5,225	6,484	2,500	2,640
ANIMAL SCIENCE		832	-	139	-	693
MSD-COMMUNITY BASE INSTR		185	48	226	-	6
SENIOR GAMES		-	-	-	-	-
Y - CLUB		690	5,025	5,363	(318)	34
SPANISH FIELD TRIP		-	-	-		-
PROJECT GRAD CLASS 2023		421	500	919		2
POP CLUB		-	-	-		-
SPECIAL ED CLASS TRIPS		-	-	-		-
FLORAL DESIGN		-	-	-		-
TRAP TEAM		2,873	-	-	(2,873)	-
FACULTY CLUB SOCIAL		2	-	-		2
PEP CLUB		1,699	280	422		1,558
YEARBOOK ACCOUNT		4,528	830	4,222		1,136
FCA		924	-	100	100	924
WRESTLING		1,748	3,525	2,613	(1,958)	702
SMOKE & PAY		-	-	-		-
SPRAY PAINTING		-	-	-		-
SWIMMING		954	120	360	(126)	589
SCIENCE & ENVIRONMENT		-	-	=		-
PENNIES FOR PATIENTS		87	-	-		87
CATS - STUDENT REWARDS		-	-	-		-
DECA		-	-	-		-
HOSA		434	995	884		545
CHORUS		368	-	184		185
KEY CLUB		3,256	6,035	6,805	378	2,864
PARIS ROTARY INTERACT CLUB		-	620	-	60	680
BOWLING		1,594	7,269	5,417	(198)	3,249
E-SPORTS		-	30	-	(30)	-
GIRLS GOLF		253	450	1,100	397	-
FRIENDS OF RACHEL		-	-	=		-
BOYS & GIRLS BB CAMP		-	-	=		-
UNCLAIMED MONIES		-	-	=		-
PLAN B GIRLS CHRISTMAS TO		-	-	=		-
PLAN B CONCESSION MONEY		-	-	=		-
FOOTBALL-POST SEASON		-	-	-		-
GIRLS TENNIS		430	2,320	3,039	290	-
COLONELETTE SCHOLARSHIP		355	-	-	(355)	-
WLC		-	-	-		-
BCHS PRESCHOOL		-	-	-		-
COFFEE FUND MSD ROOM		660	176	324	50	562
BCHS BAND		365	61	425		(0)
RISE		479	-	-		479
STUDENT NEEDS/YSC		-	-	-		-
WOMEN IN AG		-	-	-		-
CHILD DEV		-	-	-		-
RESTITUTION		86	125	-		211
BACK PACK FUND		-	-	-		-
LIBRARY - DIST ACTIVITY		11	18	29		-
PICTURE - DIST ACTIVITIY		-	514	514		-
FEE-BASIC-DIST ACTIVITY		(14)	10	-		(4)
FEE-ART DIST ACTIVITY		-	136	136		-
FEE CROSSCOUNTRY - DIST		-	-	12,500	12,500	-
TOTALS	\$	254,755 \$	567,595 \$	580,012 \$	- \$	242,338
TOTALS	Ψ	φ	Φ	σου,στζ φ		242,000

Bourbon County School District SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year Ended June 30, 2023

ederal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Assisted Listing Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Program or Award Amount	Expenditures
100					
JS Department of Agriculture Passed Through State Department of Education					
School Breakfast Program	10.553				
Fiscal Year 22	10.555	7760005 22	- \$	N/A	\$ 135,180
Fiscal Year 23		7760005 22	, - ψ	N/A	321,489
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7700003 23	-	IN/A	321,409
Fiscal Year 22	10.000	7750002 22	_	N/A	395,998
Fiscal Year 23		7750002 23	_	N/A	987,070
Fiscal Year 22		9980000 22	_	N/A	67,950
Fiscal Year 23		9980000 23	-	N/A	32,392
Summer Food Service Program	10.559				,
Fiscal Year 22		7690024 22	-	N/A	4,381
Fiscal Year 22		7740023 22	-	N/A	42,522
Child Nutrition Cluster Subtotal					1,986,982
Child & Adult Care Food Browners	40.550				
Child & Adult Care Food Program	10.558	7700004 00		N1/A	00.007
Fiscal Year 22 Fiscal Year 23		7790021 22	-	N/A	29,227
		7790021 23	-	N/A	108,765
Fiscal Year 22 Fiscal Year 23		7800016 22	-	N/A	2,183
FISCAI YEAR 23		7800016 23	-	N/A	8,087 148,262
State Administrative for Child Nutrition Expenses	10.560				140,202
Fiscal Year 22		7700001 22	-	N/A	1,828
December 1 Through Otata December 1 to 1 Americal trans					
Passed Through State Department of Agriculture Food Donation-Commodities	10.565				
Fiscal Year 23	10.565	510.4950		N/A	127,527
1 130a1 1 6a1 23		310.4930	-	IN/A	127,327
Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants	10.579				
Fiscal Year 20		7840027 20	-	N/A	44,982
Bondon la Electron la Bona St. Toron fon Administrativo Conta	40.040				
Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer Administrative Costs	10.649	0000000 00		NI/A	2.425
Fiscal Year 22 Total US Department of Agriculture		9990000 22	-	N/A	3,135 2,312,716
JS Department of Education					
Passed Through State Department of Education	0.4.0.4.0.4				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	0400000000		044.450	540
Fiscal Year 21		3100002 20	-	611,156	516
Fiscal Year 22		3100002 21	-	577,259	92,605
Fiscal Year 23		3100002 22	-	645,259	589,462
Migrant Education	84.011				682,583
Fiscal Year 22	04.011	3110002 21		1,439	1,439
Fiscal Year 23		3110002 21	-	233,640	167,410
riscal Teal 23		3110002 22	-	233,040	168,849
Special Education Grants to States	84.027A				100,010
Fiscal Year 21		3810002 20	-	6,275	6,275
Fiscal Year 22		3810002 21	-	664,118	271,000
Fiscal Year 23		3810002 22	-	691,096	231,490
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173A				
Fiscal Year 22		3800002 21	-	38,039	10,602
Fiscal Year 23		3800002 22	-	38,834	34,866
COVID-19- ARP Individuals with Disabilities Education Act	84.027X				
Fiscal Year 23		4910002-21	-	152381	85,244
Special Education Cluster Subtotal					639,477
English Language Acquisition Create	04 265				
English Language Acquisition Grants Fiscal Year 22	84.365	3300002 21	_	21,411	1,612
Fiscal Year 23		3300002 21	-	20,972	20,083
		5555502 <u>E</u> L		20,072	21,695
Title IV Part A	84.424				
Fiscal Year 22		3420002 21	-	44,964	21,246
Fiscal Year 23		3420002 22	-	44,342	15,572

Bourbon County School District SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year Ended June 30, 2023

	rear Ended Ju	ille 50, 2025			
Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Assisted Listing Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Program or Award Amount	Expenditures
Bural Education	04 250				
Rural Education Fiscal Year 21	84.358	3140002 20		50,574	89
FISCAL TEAL 21		3140002 20	-	30,374	09
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367A				
Fiscal Year 22	••	3230002 22	_	85,995	6,220
Fiscal Year 23		3230002 23	-	102,485	100,686
				,	106,906
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Grant	84.287				
Fiscal Year 22		3400002 21	-	490,000	461,463
Vocational Education Grants	84.048	0740000 00		00.700	00.700
Fiscal Year 23		3710002 22	-	29,709	29,709
* COVID-19- GEER	84.425C				
Fiscal Year 21	04.4250	4000002 20	_	200,000	108,369
* COVID-19- ESSER	84.425D	4000002 20		200,000	100,000
Fiscal Year 22	01.1202	4200002-21	_	2,046,191	309,219
* COVID-19- ARP ESSER	84.425U			_,,	,
FY21 ARP Emergency Relief Fund		4300002-21	-	4,411,271	2,082,714
FY22 Kentucky Virtual Library Round 2		4300003-21	-	2,921	2,921
FY22 Post School Prep		4300005-21	-	75,000	3,000
FY22 Digital Learning Coach Supports		4300005-21	-	3,267	3,267
FY23 Educational Cooperative ARP ESSER Deeper Learning		4300005-21	-	46,295	12,482
* COVID-19- ARP ESSER Homeless Children and Youth I	84.425W				
Fiscal Year 22		4980002-21	-	58,759	18,375
Educational Stabilization Fund Subtotal					2,540,347
Decead Through David Callege					
Passed Through Berea College Gear Up Kentucky 4.0	84.334S				
Fiscal Year 23	04.3343	P334S180015		17,220	622
1 130d1 1 6d1 20		1 3343 1000 13	_	17,220	022
KYCL: Kentucky Comprehensive Literacy Grant Round 2	84.371C				
Fiscal Year 21	0	466G	_	300,000	4,691
Fiscal Year 22		4661	-	323,726	15,746
Fiscal Year 23		466J	-	230,000	164,227
					184,664
Passed Through Workforce Development Cabinet					
Adult EducationBasic Grants to States	84.002				
Fiscal Year 23		365J	-	15,000	14,535
Fiscal Year 23 Adult Ed Corrections		380J	-	4,540	4,451
Fiscal Year 23 Career Services		464J	-	25,860	25,976
Total US Department of Education					44,962 4,918,184
Total 03 Department of Education					4,910,104
US Department of Health and Human Services					
* Head Start	93.600				
Fiscal Year 21	00.000	DIRECT	_	1,761,062	108,918
Fiscal Year 22		DIRECT	_	27,557	2,140
Fiscal Year 23		DIRECT		1,782,293	1,742,909
					1,853,967
COVID-19- CARES Child Care Development Fund	93.575				
Fund Start Up Stipend		DIRECT	-	12,000	477
CRRSA Child Care Aid		DIRECT	-	631,800	12,185
ARPA Child Care Sustainment		DIRECT	-	1,120,813	457,110
OFFICE Proceedings I Developer 1 Co. 1 Co. 1 Co. 1	00.404				469,772
CECC Preschool Development Grant School Readiness	93.434	6445		45.000	47
Fiscal Year 20 Total US Department of Health and Human Services		644F	-	15,000	2 222 796
Total Oo Department of Fleatili and Human Services					2,323,786
Total Expenditure of Federal Awards					\$ 9,554,686
					5,557,550

^{*} Major program

BOURBON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Bourbon County School District under the programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Bourbon County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

NOTE B – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represents adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

NOTE C - FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities received and disbursed. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District received food commodities totaling \$127,527.

NOTE D - INDIRECT COST RATE

The Bourbon County School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education of the Bourbon County School District Paris, Kentucky

And the State Committee for School District Audits

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit /Contract and requirements, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bourbon County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Bourbon County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Bourbon County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Bourbon County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Bourbon County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Bourbon County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly,

we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the Bourbon County School District in a separate letter dated November 15, 2023.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

White & Associates, PSC

Richmond, Kentucky November 15, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education of the Bourbon County School District Paris, Kentucky

And the State Committee for School District Audits

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Bourbon County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Bourbon County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. Bourbon County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Bourbon County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Bourbon County School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Bourbon County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Bourbon County School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Bourbon County School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Bourbon County School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Bourbon County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Bourbon County School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Bourbon County School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to

be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

White & Associates, PSC

Richmond, Kentucky November 15, 2023

BOURBON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND OUESTIONED COSTS

Year ended June 30, 2023

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

What type of report was issued for the financial statements?

Unmodified

Were there significant deficiencies in internal control disclosed?

None Reported

If so, was any significant deficiencies material (GAGAS)?

Was any material noncompliance reported (GAGAS)?

Were there material weaknesses in internal control disclosed

for major programs?

Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control disclosed

that were not considered to be material weaknesses?

None Reported

What type of report was issued on compliance for major programs?

Unmodified

Did the audit disclose findings as it relates to major programs that

Is required to be reported as described in the Uniform Guidance?

Major Programs Title I [ALN 84.010A]

Educational Stabilization Fund [ALN 84.425C, 84.425D, 84.425U, & 84.425W]

Headstart [ALN 93.600]

Dollar threshold of Type A and B programs \$750,000

Low risk auditee?

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

No findings at the financial statement level.

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

No findings at the major federal award programs level.

BOURBON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Year ended June 30, 2023

There were no prior audit findings.



MANAGEMENT LETTER POINTS

Bourbon County School District Paris, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Bourbon County School District for the year ended June 30, 2023, we considered the District's internal controls in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

However, during our audit, we became aware of several matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. We previously reported on the District's internal control in our report dated November 15, 2023. This letter does not affect our report dated November 15, 2023, on the financial statements of the Bourbon County School District. The conditions observed are as follows:

NORTH MIDDLETOWN ELEMENTARY

No conditions.

CANE RIDGE ELEMENTARY

No conditions.

BOURBON CENTRAL ELEMENTARY

No conditions.

BOURBON COUNTY MIDDLE SCHOOL

No conditions

BOURBON COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

No conditions

All prior year conditions have been implemented and corrected. Larry Begley, Superintendent, is the person responsible for initiation of the corrective action plan for the above conditions which will be implemented immediately, if any. The corrective action plan is the management response for each condition.

We would like to thank the Finance Officer and their department for their support and assistance during our audit.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education, management, and others within the district and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

White & Associates, PSC

White & Associates, PSC Richmond, Kentucky November 15, 2023